M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants The Palm Springs Plaza Office No. 1501-B, 15<sup>th</sup> Floor Sector-54, Golf Course Road Gurugram, Haryana

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Bikaji Foods International Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Bikaji Foods International Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, and profit other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

We draw your attention to Note 48 to the standalone financial statements in respect of the Composite Scheme of Amalgamation (the "Scheme") between the Company and Hanuman Agrofood Private Limited ("Transferor Company"). The Scheme has been approved by the Jaipur Bench of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ('NCLT') vide its order dated January 05, 2024, with an appointed date of April 01, 2022. Consequent to the merger, the accounting treatment to the Scheme has been given effect to from the appointed date instead of date required under Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations, which is the date of control establishment i.e. November 24, 2022. Accordingly, the figures for the comparative financial year have been restated to give effect to the aforesaid merger with effect from the April 01, 2022, as per the requirement of General circular no. 09/2019 dated August 21, 2019, of the Companies Act, 2013.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.



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and estimates used for determination of variable consideration and tested rebates

# Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2024. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Sr. No	Key Audit Matter	How the Key Audit Matter was addressed in our audit
1	Revenue Recognition (Refer note 2.2 (B) to the standalone financial statements)	Our key audit procedures around revenue recognition includes but were not limited to, the following:
	The Company recognizes revenues when control of the goods is transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods. In determining the sales price, the Company considers the effects of variable consideration (rebates and discounts). The terms of arrangements vary in respect to domestic and exports sales, including the timing of transfer of control, the nature of discount and rebates arrangements, delivery specifications and other contractual terms. Owing to the volume of sales transactions spread across various locations and geographies along with varied terms of contracts with customers, there is a risk of revenue being recognized before control is transferred. Based on above, revenue recognition has been considered as a key audit matter.	1. Evaluated the appropriateness of Company's accounting policy on revenue recognition in accordance with the requirements of Indian Accounting standard 115 "Revenue from contract with customers" ('Ind AS 115').  2. Evaluated the design, implementation and tested the operating effectiveness of the relevant key controls with respect to revenue recognition including general information and technology control environment, key IT application control over the Company's IT systems which govern revenue recognition in the general ledger accounting system.  3. Ensured completeness and existence assertion by performing substantive testing on selected samples of revenue transactions recorded during the year betesting the underlying documents like contracts, invoices, goods despate notes, shipping documents and customer receipts wherever applicable an obtaining independence balance confirmation from the customers at the balance sheet date.  4. Ensured cut off assertion by reviewing the Company's revenue recognition.
	8	balance sheet date.  4. Ensured cut off assertion by review
		5. Assessed the underlying assumption

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and discount provided to the customers on a sample basis, comparing the same with underlying approvals and terms of the contracts and schemes offered to customers.

- 6. Performed analytical procedures on revenue recognised during the year to identify and inquire on unusual variances, if any and getting the reasons for variances confirmed from the management of the Company.
- 7. Tested on a sample basis, manual journal entries relating to revenues identify and inquire on unusual items, if any.
- 8. Assessed the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures in the standalone financial statements to ensure they are accurate, complete, and comply with the requirements of Ind AS 115 ' Revenue from contracts with customer'.

Our key audit Procedures around fair valuation of investments includes but were not limited to, the following:

- 1. Evaluated the design, implementation, and operating effectiveness of controls over fair valuation of investments, including controls relating to review of future cash flow forecasts and controls relating to review of assumptions of discount rates and the long-term growth rates.
- 2. Obtained report of external valuation specialist appointed by the Management for the valuation of investment. Evaluated the competence and objectivity of the valuation specialist engaged by the management.
- 3. Together with our internal valuation experts. assessed the Company's applied valuation methodology value of the estimating the fair Investments and the appropriateness of the valuation methodology applied, and also tested reasonableness of the assumptions around the key drivers of the cash flow forecasts, i.e., future growth rates, discount rates used.

# 2 Fair Valuation of Investments (Refer note 2.2 (S) to the standalone financial statements)

As at March 31, 2024, the Company has total investment of INR 5,951.14 lakhs in the form of various financial instruments such as equity shares and optionally convertible debentures, which are measured at fair value through statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, as per requirements of applicable Ind AS.

As per fair value measurement hierarchy under Ind AS 113, these investments are categorised as Level 3 and accordingly inputs used for valuation are unobservable. The fair value is determined basis management's estimate and assumptions which included use of discounted cash flow model to estimate the fair value and requires management to make significant estimates and assumptions related to future cash flow forecasts (including forecast of future revenue and operating margins), discount rates and the long-term growth rates applied to these future cash flow forecasts. Changes in these estimates and assumptions could have a significant impact on the assessment of the fair value of these investments and the consequential impact on gain/loss recognised in statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive incomes

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Considering the material impact of the amounts involved, and the significant degree of management judgement and subjectivity involved in the estimates and assumptions used in determining the fair values, we have determined fair valuation of such investments as a key audit matter.

- 4. Assessed the reasonableness of the input data for future cash flows, the historical accuracy of the Company estimates by comparing the forecasts used in the prior year model with the actual performance in the current year and its ability to produce accurate long-term forecasts.
- 5. Evaluated the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures in the standalone financial statements in compliance with the applicable accounting standards.

# Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Management report, Chairman's statement, Director's report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting etc but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Management report, Chairman's statement, Director's report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting etc is expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When we read the Management report, Chairman's statement, Director's report, Business Responsibility and Sustainability Reporting etc, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance under SA 720 'The Auditor's responsibilities Relating to Other Information'.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



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In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements.

#### Other Matter

The restated standalone special purpose financial statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2023, were audited by one of the joint auditors, M Surana & Company, Chartered Accountants, whose report dated May 22, 2024 expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.

(d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 123 of the Act.

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- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (g) The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).

(h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements - Refer Note 37 to the standalone financial statements;
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. (1) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (2) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - (3) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management in this regard nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material mis-statement.

v. The final dividend paid by the Company during the year in respect of the same declared for the previous year is in accordance with section 123 of the Companies Act 2013 to the extent it applies to payment of dividend. However, the dividend amount of INR 0.49 takks is unclaimed and yet to be paid on the date of this audit report.

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The Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The dividend declared is in accordance with section 123 of the Act to the extent it applies to declaration of dividend. (Refer Note 43(b) to the Standalone financial statements).

vi. In regard to the Microsoft Dynamic Software:

Based on our examination, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account pertaining to accounting transactions recorded during the year ended March 31, 2024, which has a feature of recording the audit trail (edit log) facility, except that the audit trail feature was enabled for certain relevant transactions at the database level only with effect from February 13, 2024 to log any direct data changes.

Further, the audit trail feature has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software at application level, however, the audit trail feature has been operated only from February 13, 2024 to March 31 , 2024 for certain relevant transactions recorded in this accounting software at the database level. Also, during the course of our examination, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with, in respect of the accounting software for the period for which the audit trail was enabled and operating.

In regard to the MARG software:

Based on our examination, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account pertaining to accounting transactions recorded during the year ended March 31, 2024, which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility. Further, the audit trail feature was enabled at the application level and at the database level to log any direct data changes. However, we are unable to verify whether the audit trail feature has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software during the year ended March 31, 2024, and also, were unable to comment as to whether there were any instances of the audit trail feature been tampered with.

In regard to the HRMS software:

Based on our examination, the Company has used an software for maintaining its books of accounts pertaining to payroll processing during the year ended March 31, 2024, which is operated by a third-party software service provider. The software has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility, which has been enabled during the year for all relevant transactions at the application level and at database level to log any direct data changes.

However, in the absence of independent service auditors report, we are unable to comment whether the software operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software during the year ended March 31, 2024. Further, we are unable to comment as to whether there were any instances of the audit trail feature been tampered with.

As proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is applicable from April 01, 2023, reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 on preservation of audit trail as per the statutory requirements for record retention is not applicable for the financial year ended March 31, 2024.





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3. In our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules thereunder.

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.:015312C

Manish Surana

Partner

Membership No.: 077597 UDIN: 24077597BKBUIH7195

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Manish P Bathija

Partner

Membership No.: 216706 UDIN: 24216706BKGECD7661

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

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ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BIKJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we
  are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal
  financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the
  operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management and Board of Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



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From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31,2024 and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.:015312C

Manish Surana Partner

Membership No.: 077597 UDIN: 24077597BKBUIH7195

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Manish P Bathija

Partner

Membership No.: 216706 UDIN: 24216706BKGECD7661

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

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ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BIKAJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024

Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report'

i.

- (a) A. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, investment property and relevant details of right-of-use assets.
  - B. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- (b) Property, Plant and Equipment, investment property and right of use assets were physically verified by the management according to a phased programme designed to cover all items over a period of three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the programme, a portion of Property, plant and equipment, investment property and right of use assets have been physically verified by Management during the year. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us by the Management and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds (conveyance deed and sale deed) of immovable properties i.e. freehold land and buildings (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) as disclosed in Note no. 3 to the Standalone Financial Statements are held in the name of the Company except the following title deeds are held in the erstwhile name of the Company i.e. Shivdeep Industries Limited:

Sr. No.	Number of Properties	Gross carrying value of Property, Plant and Equipment (Amount in INR Lakhs)	Held in Name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held (since date)	Reason for not being held in name of Company (also indicate if in dispute)
1.	Six (6)	38.72	Shivdeep Industries	No	December 12, 2010	The name of the Company was
2.		79.50	Limited		March 31, 2005	changed on October 05, 2011.
3.		18.58			March 31, 2005	However, the continuing lease
4.		71.66			February 02, 2008	agreements were not amended.
5.	1	53.51			June 03, 2008	There is no dispute
6.		61.98			June 03, 2008	with lessor or any other third party owing to such lease agreements.

In respect of immovable properties where the Company is a lessee, as disclosed in Note no. 39 to the Standalone Financial Statements, the lease agreements were executed in the erstwhile name of the Company i.e., Shivdeep Industries Limited. Details of the same are mentioned below:

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Sr. No.	Number of Properties	Gross carrying value of Right of Use Assets (In INR Lakhs)	Held in Name of	Whether promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held (since date)	Reason for not being held in name of Company (also indicate if in dispute)
1. 2.	Two (2)	24.66 27.55	Shivdeep Industries Limited	No	March 31, 2005 April 01, 2006	The name of the Company was changed on October 05, 2011. However, the continuing lease agreements were not amended. There is no dispute with lessor or any other third party owing to such lease agreements.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) and intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(i)(d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988, as amended and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

ii.

- (a) The inventory (excluding stocks with third parties and stock-in-transit) has been physically verified by the management during the year. In respect of inventory lying with third parties, these have substantially been confirmed by them and in respect of goods in transit, the goods have been delivered subsequent to the year end. No discrepancies were noticed/discrepancies of 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory in respect of such confirmations. In our opinion, the frequency, coverage and procedure of such verification is reasonable and appropriate, having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
- (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of INR five crores in aggregate from Banks on the basis of security of current assets. Based on the records examined by us in the normal course of audit of the standalone financial statements, quarterly returns / statements filed with such Banks are in agreement with the books of account of the Company for the respective periods, which were not subject to audit.

iii. The Company has made investments in, provided guarantee or security and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or any other parties during the year, in respect of which:

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(a) According to the information explanation provided to us, the Company has provided loans, advances in the nature of loans, stood guarantee, and provided securities to other entities.

The details of such loans, advances in the nature of loans, guarantee or securities are as follows:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

	Guarantees	Securities	Loans	Advances in the nature of loans
Aggregate amount granted/provided during the year				
<ul><li>Subsidiaries</li><li>Others</li></ul>	-	-	498.06 3,404.08	
Balance Outstanding (interest accrued) as at balance sheet date in respect of above cases - Subsidiaries - Others	3,901.20	:	1,395.56 6,926.39	

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on the audit procedures performed by us, we are of the opinion that the terms and conditions in relation to grant of all loans and advances in the nature of loans, investments made, guarantees provided and securities given are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- (c) In case of the loans and advances in the nature of loan, schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest have been stipulated and the borrowers have been regular in the repayment of the principal and payment of interest.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no amounts overdue for more than ninety days in respect of the loans and/ or advances in the nature of loans, granted to Other Parties.
- (e) According to the information explanation provided to us, the loans or advances in the nature of loan granted has not fallen due during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(iii)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (f) According to the information explanation provided to us, the Company has not any granted loans and advances in the nature of loans, including to promoters or related parties as defined in clause (76) of section 2 of the Companies Act, 2013 either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and security made.

(v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor any material amounts which are deemed to be deposits, within the meaning of Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable.

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to the Company. Also, there are no material amounts outstanding as on March 31, 2024, which are in the nature of deposits.

(vi) The provisions of sub-Section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company as the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records for any of the products/ services of the Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(vi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

vii.

(a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of customs, cess, and other statutory dues have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities during the year, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases.

There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of customs, cess, and other statutory dues in arrears as at March 31, 2024, outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) According to the information and explanation given to us and examination of records of the Company, details of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2024, on account of any dispute, are as follows:

(Amount in INR Lakhs)

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Demanded (INR in Lakhs)	Amount Paid (INR in Lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
Central Sales Tax Act, 1956 and Rajasthan Value Added Tax Act, 2003	CST and VAT	43.76	-	2007-08 and 2009-09	High Court, Jodhpur
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	4.46	7	FY 2015-16	CIT (Appeals)

viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which are not accounted in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Income-tax Assessment of the Company. Accordingly, the provision stated under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

ix.

- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not significantly defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.

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M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants The Palm Springs Plaza Office No. 1501-B, 15<sup>th</sup> Floor Sector-54, Golf Course Road Gurugram, Haryana

- (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, no money was raised by way of term loans. Accordingly, the provision stated under clause 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) According to the information explanation given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from an any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries. Further, the Company do not have any associate or joint ventures. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the Company.

X.

- (a) In our opinion and according to the information explanation given to us, the Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully, partly, or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

xi.

- (a) Based on our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no material fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year in the course of our audit.
- (b) Based on our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed with the Central Government. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants The Palm Springs Plaza Office No. 1501-B, 15<sup>th</sup> Floor Sector-54, Golf Course Road Gurugram, Haryana

xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.

xiv.

- (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of our audit report, for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, in our opinion, during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 in clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvi.

- (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) and accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year and accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any Core Investment Company (as part of its group. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. Based on the overall review of financial statements, the Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and in the immediately preceding financial year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xvii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xviii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.



M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants The Palm Springs Plaza Office No. 1501-B, 15<sup>th</sup> Floor Sector-54, Golf Course Road Gurugram, Haryana

- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (as disclosed in note 47 to the standalone financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our verification, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, are applicable to the Company. The Company has made the required contributions during the year and there are no unspent amounts which are required to be transferred either to a Fund specified in schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013 or to a Special Account as per the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) and 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xxi. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of standalone financial statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said Clause has been included in the report.

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No.:015312C

Manish Surana

Partner

Membership No.: 077597

UDIN: 24077597BKBUIH7195

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Manish P Bathija

Partner

Membership No.: 216706 UDIN: 24216706BKGECD7661

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants The Palm Springs Plaza Office No. 1501-B, 15<sup>th</sup> Floor Sector-54, Golf Course Road Gurugram, Haryana

ANNEXURE C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF BIKAJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of Bikaji Foods International Limited on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of ("the Company") as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2024, based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) (the "Guidance Note").

# Managements' and Board of Director's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and

MSKA& Associates Chartered Accountants The Palm Springs Plaza Office No. 1501-B, 15th Floor Sector-54, Golf Course Road Gurugram, Haryana

operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No.:015312C

Manish Surana Partner

Membership No.: 077597

UDIN: 24077597BKBUIH7195

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 For MSKA& Associates **Chartered Accountants** 

ICAI Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Manish P Bathija

Partner

Membership No.: 216706 UDIN: 24216706BKGECD7661

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	As at	As a
	75001001130	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
ASSETS			(Restated, Refer note 48)
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipments	3	67,860.33	55,163.39
Capital work-in-progress	4	1,232.52	6,970.64
nvestment property	5	586.70	517.09
ntangible assets	6	57.78	84.70
Right-of-use asset	39	6,834.44	4,918.34
Financial assets			
Investment	7	5,951.14	4,072.00
Loans	8	8,321.95	4,505.01
Other financial assets	9	6,253.56	3,352.48
Other non-current assets	10	3,943.50	2,749.76
Non-current tax assets	11	588.96	324.23
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	-	1,01,630.88	82,657.64
CURRENT ASSETS			
nventories	12	7,080.16	7,451.03
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	13	11,046.99	8,528.96
Cash and cash equivalents	14	672.11	1,663.70
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	15	16,873.51	7,904.96
Other financial assets	16	2,939.44	9,982.75
Other current assets	17	10,007.70	5,830.98
FOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	-	48,619.91	41,362.38
TOTAL ASSETS	8	1,50,250.79	1,24,020.02
	-	1,55,255.7	1,21,020,02
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY			
Equity share capital	18	2,503.82	2,495.10
Other equity	19	1,20,049.87	93,383.27
FOTAL EQUITY	-	1,22,553.69	95,878.37
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	20	998.14	2,635.83
Lease liabilities	39	3,348.38	1,827.74
Provisions	21	104.96	*
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	22	4,143.43	3,011.00
Other non-current liabilities	25	444.25	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	S	9,039.16	7,474.57
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	20	8,098.10	8,580.18
Lease liabilities	39	1,416.11	773.39
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	23	1,042.34	1,015.49
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	23	3,912.50	4,058.60
Other financial liabilities	24	1,712.23	1,666.23
Other current liabilities	25	1,820.46	4,258.2
Provisions	21	508.35	314.9
Current tax Labilities (net)	26	147.85	314.70
FOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		18,657.94	20,667.08
		27,697.10	28,141.65
TOTAL LIABILITIES	87	1,50,250.79	1,24,020.02
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1,30,230.79	1,24,020.02

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 015312C

Manish Surana Partner Membership No.: 077597 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

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For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Manish P Bathija Partner Membership No.: 216706 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Bikaji Foods International Limited CIN: L15499RJ1995PLC010856

Shiv Ratan Agarwal Chairman DIN: 00192929 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Shambhu Dayal Gupta President-Corporate affairs and Finance

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

PAN: ADFPG0151L

Rahul Joshi

Head - Legal and Company Secretary

Membership No.: 33135 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

-Deepak Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00192890 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Richobn Rishabh Jain Chief Financial Officer PAN: AEAPJ1574L Place: Gurugram



#### **BIKAJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED**

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	Year ended	Year ended
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
		(Rest	ated, Refer note 48)
Revenue:			
Revenue from operations	27	2,29,470.96	1,94,438.79
Other income	28	2,637.27	2,243.56
Total income	-	2,32,108.23	1,96,682.35
Expenses:			
Cost of materials consumed	29	1,40,071.95	1,30,463.91
Purchase of stock-in-trade		9,138.76	8,259.72
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work in progress	30	(283.35)	(408.03)
Employee benefits expense	31	10,852.12	9,823.56
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses	32	5,645.87	4,500.87
Finance costs	33	803.34	826.24
Other expenses	34	30,309.72	25,155.46
Total expenses	1=	1,96,538.41	1,78,621.73
Profit before tax	-	35,569.82	18,060.62
Tax expense:			
Current tax	22	7,663.85	4,838.67
Income tax for earlier years	22	(227.83)	114.14
Deferred tax charge / (credit)	22	1,161.04	(735.67)
Profit for the year	=	26,972.76	13,843.48
Other comprehensive loss (net of tax)			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of pro	fit or loss		
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans (net)	35	(113.66)	(35.54)
Income tax benefit relating to Items that will not be reclassified ubsequently to profit or loss	22	28.61	8.94
Total other comprehensive loss for the year (net of tax)		(85.05)	(26.60)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	26,887.71	13,816.88
arnings per equity share (face value of INR 1 each)			
Basic INR	34(c)	10.79	5.55
Diluted INR	34(c)	10.79	5.54
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone financi	al statements.		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 015312C For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 105047W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Bikaji Foods International Limited

CIN: L15499RJ1995PLC010856

Manish Surana Partner

Membership No.: 077597

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 Manish P Bathija

Partner

Membership No.: 216706

Place: Gurugram

Date: May 23, 2024

Shiv Ratan Agarwal Chairman

DIN: 00192929 Place: Gurugram

Date: May 23, 2024

Shambhu Dayal Gupta

President-Corporate affairs and Finance

PAN: ADFPG0151L Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Lowy

Rahul Joshi

Head - Legal and Company Secretary

Membership No.: 33135 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024



Managing Director

Place: Gurugram

Date: May 23, 2024

DIN: 00192890

Ristrois

Rishabh Jain

PAN: AEAPJ1574L

Place: Gurugram

Chief Financial Officer

BIKAJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Equity Share Capital:

Particulars Amount As at April 01, 2022 (Restated) 2,495.10 Proceeds from issue of equity shares As at March 31, 2023 (Restated) 2,495.10 Proceeds from issue of equity shares 8.77 As at March 31, 2024 2,503.82

Other Equity :-

Particulars '			Oth	er Equity			Other Comprehens	sive Income (OCI)	3
	Securities premium	General reserve	Retained earnings	Capital redemption reserve	Share based payments reserve	Total other equity	Equity Instruments through OCI	Total OCI	Total equity
Balance as at April 01, 2022 (Restated)	33,847.68	188.69	44,801.91	4.40	267.78	79,110.46	659.10	659.10	79,769.56
Profit for the year		3.5	13,843.48			13,843.48			13,843.48
Dividend paid			(249.50)			(249.50)			(249.50)
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans (net)	2		(26.60)	22	14	(26.60)		72	(26.60)
Employee stock option expense					850.93	850.93		82	850.93
Effect of merger (refer note 48)		2.5	(804.60)	~		(804.60)			(804.60)
Transfer to retained earnings on acquisition of subsidiary		19	659.10			659.10	(659.10)	(659.10)	137/
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)	33,847.68	188.69	58,223.79	4.40	1,118.71	93,383.27	153	8	93,383.27
Profit for the year			26,972.76		7.50	26,972.76			26,972.76
Dividend paid	•	2*	(1,871.36)			(1,871.36)		19	(1,871.36)
Proceeds form issue of equity shares	1,266.91	2	-	*		1,266.91	*	3.9	1,266.91
Remeasurement loss on defined benefit plans (net)	*		(85.05)		3.50	(85.05)	*	19.7	(85.05)
Employee stock option expense		4	-		374.91	374.91	26	4	374.91
ESOP expenses related to subsidiaries employee's	*	64.1	¥	¥	8.43	8.43		74	8.43
Transfer to Retained earnings			1,117.37		(1,117.37)				
As at March 31, 2024	35,114.59	188.69	84,357.51	4.40	384.68	1,20,049.87			1,20,049.87

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 015312C

Manish Surana Partner Membership No.: 077597 Place: Gurugram

Date: May 23, 2024 Gurana & For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Manish P Bathija Partner Membership No.: 216706 Place: Gurugram

Date: May 23, 2024

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Bikaji Foods International Limited CIN: L15499RJ1995PLC010856

Shiv Ratan Agarwal Chairman DIN: 00192929 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Shambhu Dayal Gupta President-Corporate affairs and Finance

PAN: ADFPG0151L Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

ah Rahul Joshi

Head - Legal and Company Secretary

Membership No.: 33135 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Deepak Agarwal Managing Director DIN: 00192890 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Rehabit Rishabh Jain Chief Financial Officer PAN: AEAPJ1574L Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024



Standalone Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

SH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:- Net profit before tax as per statement of profit and loss justments for:- Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses Foreign exchange (gain), net Gain on lease modification Interest income Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required Finance costs Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for refund liability		35,569.82 5,645.87 (50.27) (5.31) (2,186.23) (102.33) 803.09 23.68 124.33	(Restated, Refer note 48) 18,060.62 4,500.87 (36.98) (1.81) (1,180.18) (925.28) 790.18 (66.75)
justments for:- Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses Foreign exchange (gain), net Gain on lease modification Interest income Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required Finance costs Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		5,645.87 (50.27) (5.31) (2,186.23) (102.33) 803.09 23.68 124.33	4,500.87 (36.98) (1.81) (1,180.18) (925.28) 790.18 (66.75)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses Foreign exchange (gain), net Gain on lease modification Interest income Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required Finance costs Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		(50.27) (5.31) (2,186.23) (102.33) 803.09 23.68 124.33	(36.98) (1.81) (1,180.18) (925.28) 790.18 (66.75)
Foreign exchange (gain), net Gain on lease modification Interest income Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required Finance costs Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		(50.27) (5.31) (2,186.23) (102.33) 803.09 23.68 124.33	(36.98) (1.81) (1,180.18) (925.28) 790.18 (66.75)
Gain on lease modification Interest income Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required Finance costs Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		(5.31) (2,186.23) (102.33) 803.09 23.68 124.33	(1.81) (1,180.18) (925.28) 790.18 (66.75)
Interest income Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required Finance costs Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		(2,186.23) (102.33) 803.09 23.68 124.33	(1,180.18) (925.28) 790.18 (66.75)
Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required Finance costs Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		(102.33) 803.09 23.68 124.33	(925.28) 790.18 (66.75)
Finance costs  Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		803.09 23.68 124.33	790.18 (66.75)
Fair value adjustment on Investment Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		23.68 124.33	(66.75)
Impairment loss on investment Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		124.33	
Provision for doubtful debts Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		*	242 47
Bad debts/ advances written off Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory			310.67
Advances written off Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory			70.17
Security Deposit written off Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		S	164.27
Amortisation of security deposit Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory		26.45	_T
Interest income on security deposit Provision for slow moving inventory			5.87
Provision for slow moving inventory			12.96
		(16.60)	(13.07)
Provision for refund liability			52.07
		10.32	17.99
Share based payment expense		374.91	850.93
Loss / (Gain) on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)		50.46	(19.49)
Amortisation of deferred grant income		(49.07)	) ·
Interest on income tax			35.48
Reversal of provision of doubtful debts		(22.31)	79 <u>-</u> 3
Reversal of Impairment of property, plant & equipment		(194.04)	Ä
ERATING PROFIT BEFORE WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES	2	40,002.77	22,628.52
livetments for:			
justments for:- (Increase) in trade receivables		(2,437.01)	(1,068.13)
(Increase) / Decrease in other current financial assets		(81.88)	5
		(4,203.17)	
(Increase) in other current assets		370.87	(524.91)
Decerease / (Increase) in inventories		(59.39)	
(Increase) in other non-current financial assets		29.26	2.73
Decrease in other non-current assets		(16.92)	
(Decrease) / Increase in trade payables		(25.62)	
(Decrease) in other current financial liabilities		(2,399.00)	
(Decrease) / Increase in other current liabilities		444.25	2,746.37
Increase in other non current liabilities		184.68	(176.15)
Increase / (Decrease) in provisions	-	31,808.84	22,329.33
SH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	<del></del>	(7,552.93)	
Tax paid (net of refund, including interest) T CASH GENERATION FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(A)	24,255.91	17,663.24
SH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:-		(12,376.61)	(9,308.75)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, and capital work in		(12,370.01)	(7,300.73)
process and includes creditors for capital goods and capital advances		40.44	(44/ 75)
Purchase of investment property		(69.61)	
Loan given		(3,954.02)	
Repayment of loan given		151.00	532.20
Sale of property, plant and equipment		91.28	554.90
Investment in deposits		(4,532.43)	
Interest received		2,036.30	1,265.09
Investment in subsidiary		(927.43)	
Investment in other instruments	0	(1,099.72)	
ET CASH USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(B)	(20,681.24)	(13,129.24)
ASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:-			
Proceed from issue of shares (including securities premium)		1,275.63	₩
Proceeds from long term borrowings			2,183.51
Proceeds from short term borrowings (net)		21.91	761.99
Repayments of long term borrowings		(2,141.68)	(1,460.53)
Dividend paid		(1,871.12)	(248.75)
Principal paid on lease liabilities		(801.39)	
		(699.71)	
Interest paid		(315.45)	
Interest paid on lease liabilities ET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(C)	(4,531.81)	
	(A+B+C)	(957.14)	
T (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS PENING BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(ATDTC)	1,629.25	
OSING BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		672.11	
WHITE DALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUITACENTS	(2)	// 35	Internal
THE PROPERTY OF A PARTY OF THE		100	151
(OB)		HI. W F	1 60 111

#### BIKAJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Standalone Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particular	Year ended	Year ended
strok nervicosak	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents with the Balance Sheet	(Rest	ated, Refer note 48)
Cash and Bank Balances as per Balance Sheet		
On current accounts (refer note 14)	442.97	1,639.84
Cash on hand (refer note 14)	29.14	23.86
Bank deposits	200.00	(*
Bank Overdraft		(34.45)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	672.11	1,629.25
Movement in financial liabilities:		
Non-current and Current borrowings		
Opening balance	4,748.78	5,425.80
Repayment of Borrowings	(2,141.68)	(2,860.53)
Proceeds from borrowings	*	2,183.51
Closing balance	2,607.10	4,748.78
Reconciliation of Non-current and current borrowings with the Balance Sheet		
Secured term loans from banks (refer note 20)	998.14	2,635.83
Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 20)	1,608.96	2,112.95
Total Non-current and current borrowings	2,607.10	4,748.78
Movement in Lease liabilities		
Opening Balance	2,601.13	1,851.58
Cash movements		
Principal paid on lease liabilities	(801.39)	(489.85)
Interest paid on lease liabilities	(315.45)	(152.29)
Non cash movements		
Interest expense for the year	315.45	152.29
Modification / deletion	86.28	(18.67)
Gain on lease modification	(5.31)	(1.81)
Recognition of lease liabilities	2,883.78	1,259.88
Closing Balance	4,764.49	2,601.13
Reconciliation of Lease liabilities with the Balance Sheet		
Lease liabilities - non Current	3,348.38	1,827.74
Lease liabilities - Current	1,416.11	773.39
Total Lease liabilities	4,764.49	2,601.13

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 015312C

Manish Surana Partner

Membership No.: 077597 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Manish P Bathija Partner Membership No.: 216706

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Bikaji Foods International Limited CIN: L15499RJ1995PLC010856

Shiv Ratan Agarwal Chairman DIN: 00192929

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Shambhu Dayal Gupta

President-Corporate affairs and Finance

PAN: ADFPG0151L Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Rahul Joshi

Head - Legal and Company Secretary

Membership No.: 33135 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024



epak Agarwal

Managing Director

Place: Gurugram

Date: May 23, 2024

DIN: 00192890

Rishabh Jain

Chief Financial Officer

PAN: AEAPJ1574L

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

#### 1. General information

Bikaji Foods International Limited (the 'Company') is a Company domiciled in India, with its registered office situated at F-196-199, F-178 and E-188, Bichhwal Industrial Area, Bikaner - 334006. (Rajasthan). The Company was incorporated in year 1995 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, then applicable in India. The Company is primarily involved in manufacturing, purchase and sale of snacks food.

Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2024 were approved and authorized for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Company's Board of Directors on May 23, 2024.

# 2. Material Accounting Policies

Material accounting policies adopted by the Company are as under:

# 2.1 Basis of preparation of Standalone financial statements

## a) Statement of Compliance

The Standalone Financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time, and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Act.

## Basis of Preparation of Standalone Financial Statements

The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual basis and under historical cost convention, except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are measured at fair value (refer para 2.2(S) of accounting policy).

The functional and presentation currency of the Company is Indian Rupee ("₹") which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued Indian Accounting Standards is initially adopted or a revision to an existing Indian Accounting Standards requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

All amounts disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest "Lakhs", unless otherwise stated. Transactions and balances with values below the rounding off norm adopted by the Company have been reflected as "0" in the relevant notes to these Standalone Financial Statements.

#### b) Use of Estimates

The preparation of Standalone Financial Statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenditure for the period and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying standalone financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of standalone financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a year basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. (refer para 2.2(V) of accounting policy).

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## 2.2 Summary of Material Accounting Policies

## A) Current Vs Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non- current classification. An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primary for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Based on the nature of business and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and non- current classification of assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current assets/liabilities.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has identified twelve months as its operating cycle.

## B) Revenue recognition

# a) Sale of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when control of the products being sold is transferred to our customer and when there are no longer any unfulfilled obligations. The performance obligations in our contracts are fulfilled at the time of dispatch, delivery or upon formal customer acceptance depending on the customer terms.

Revenue is measured based on the transaction price, which is the consideration, after deduction of any trade discounts, volume rebates and any taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government such as goods and services tax, etc. Accumulated experience is used to estimate the provision for such discounts and rebates. Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is highly probable a significant reversal will not occur.

For sale of goods wherein performance obligation is not satisfied, any amount received in advance is recorded as contract liability and recognized as revenue when goods are transferred to customers. Any amount of income accrued but not billed to customers in respect of such contracts is recorded as a contract asset. Such contract assets are transferred to Trade receivables on actual billing to customers.

In case customers have the contractual right to return goods, an estimate is made for goods that will be returned and a liability is recognized for this amount using the best estimate based on accumulated experience.



# b) Property, plant and equipment

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

The cost of a self-constructed item of property, plant and equipment comprises the cost of materials, direct labour and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the item to its intended working condition including capitalised borrowing costs, if any, and estimated costs of dismantling, removing and restoring the site on which it is located, wherever applicable.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to statement of profit and loss during the reporting year in which they are incurred.

The present value of the expected cost for the decommissioning of an asset after its use is included in the cost of the respective asset if the recognition criteria for a provision are met.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognised.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the period of lease.

## Capital Work in Progress

The cost of the assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under the head 'Capital work-in-progress.

#### c) Depreciation methods, estimated useful life and residual value

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost, net of their residual value, over their estimated useful lives. The Company has used the following rates to provide depreciation on its property, plant and equipment which are similar as compared to those prescribed under the Schedule II to the Act.

Property, plant and equipment	Estimated useful life
Plant and equipments	15 Years
Factory building	30 Years
Buildings	
<ul> <li>Office building with RCC frame structure</li> </ul>	60 Years
- Flats (other building)	60 Years
Furniture and fixtures	10 Years
Office equipment	5 Years
Vehicles	
- Scooters and motorcycles	10 Years
- Motor cars and trucks	8 Years
Computers and peripherals	
- Servers and networks	6 Years
- End user devices, such as, desktops, laptops etc.	3 Years
	4







The management has estimated, supported by assessment by company's professionals, that the useful life of the following categories of assets are lower than that indicated in Schedule II, based on usage profile of the respective asset category:

Category	Useful lives estimated by the management			
Furniture and fixtures	6 Years			
Plant and machinery	25 Years			

Individual assets costing INR 5,000 or less are fully depreciated in the period of purchase. The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting year.

The useful lives are reviewed at least at each year-end. Changes in expected useful lives are treated as change in accounting estimates.

# d) Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment property is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditure is capitalised to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed when incurred.

Though the Company measures investment property using cost based measurement, the fair value of investment property is disclosed in the notes. Fair values are determined based on an annual evaluation performed by an accredited external independent valuer applying a valuation model recommended by the International Valuation Standards Committee.

Investment properties are derecognised either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the year of derecognition.

#### e) Intangible asset

Intangible assets including those acquired by the Company are initially measured at acquisition cost. Such intangible assets are subsequently stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortisation.

The Company amortises intangible assets with a finite useful life using the straight-line method over the following period:

A summary of amortisation policies applied to the Company intangible assets is as below:

Intangible assets	Useful life
Trademarks	10 Years
ERP software licences	5 Years

Intangible assets with finite lives are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation method and period for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting year.

#### f) Inventories

Raw material, stock in trade, packing material, work in progress and finished goods

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Costs incurred in bringing each product to its present location and condition are accounted follows:

Raw materials, stock in trade and packaging materials are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes purchase price, (excluding those subsequently recoverable by the enterprise from the concerned revenue authorities), freight inwards and other expenditure incurred in bringing such inventories to their present location and condition. In determining the cost, FIFO method is used.

Manufactured work in progress and finished goods are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of manufactured work in progress and finished goods comprises direct material, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overhead expenditure, the latter being allocated on the basis of normal operating capacity.

Cost of inventories also includes all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

# g) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker (CODM).

The board of directors of the Company assesses the financial performance and position of the Company and makes strategic decisions. The board of directors, which has been identified as being the chief operating decision maker, consists of managing director and other directors. Refer note 38 for segment information presented.

## h) Finance costs

Borrowing cost includes interest, amortisation of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings.

General and Specific borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective asset. All the other borrowing costs are expensed in the year they occur.

#### i) Employee Benefits

#### a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up-to the end of the reporting year and are measured at the amount expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

Leave encashment: Accumulated leaves which are expected to be utilised within next 12 months are treated as short term employee benefit. The Company measures the expected cost of such absences as the additional amount that it expects to pay as a result of the unused entitlement that has accumulated at the reporting date.

#### b) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

## i. Defined contribution plan

Provident Fund: Contribution towards provident fund is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

<u>Employee's State Insurance Scheme:</u> Contribution towards employees' state insurance scheme is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the statement of profit and loss.

## ii. Defined benefit plans

Gratuity: The Company operates a defined benefit gratuity plan in India, which requires contributions to be made to a fund set up by Life Insurance Corporation of India. Provision in respect of Gratuity is made as per actuarial valuation carried out by an independent actuary. The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using projected unit credit method. Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through Other Comprehensive Income in the year in which they occur. Remeasurements are not classified to Statement of Profit and Loss in subsequent periods. Past service costs are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date on which the Company recognises related restructuring costs. Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset. The Company recognises service costs comprising current service costs, past- service costs, gains and losses on curtailment and non-routine settlements, and net interest expense or income in the net defined benefit obligation as an expense in the statement of profit and loss.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashe within 12 months from the end of the year are treated as short term employee benefits. The obligation towards the same is measured at the expected cost of accumulating compensated absences as the additional amount expected to be paid as a result of the unused entitlement as at the year end.

Accumulated compensated absences, which are expected to be availed or encashed beyond 12 months from the end of the year end are treated as other long term employee benefits. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses/gains are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year in which they arise.

## c) Share based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting year, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in the standalone Statement of profit and loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the Share option's outstanding account.

#### j) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets. When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

If assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects corrent market assessments of the time value of money and international the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account of the such transactions can be identified, an appropriate transactions are taken into account of the such transactions can be identified.

valuation model is used. These calculations are corroborated by valuation multiples, quoted share prices for publicly traded companies or other available fair value indicators.

The Company bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations, which are prepared separately for each of the Company's CGU's to which the individual assets are allocated.

Impairment losses are recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

For assets, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased. If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

# k) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provision are recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pretax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is not either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

A contingent asset is not recognized unless it becomes virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise. When an inflow of economic benefits is probable, contingent assets are disclosed in the standalone financial statements.

## Taxes

Tax expense for the year, comprising current tax and deferred tax are included in the determination of the net profit and loss for the year.

#### Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the reporting date. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the standalone financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences.



Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credit and unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses. The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

## m) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. The weighted average numbers of equity shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the year attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

# n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks, cash on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash in bank and short-term deposits net of bank overdraft.

#### o) Dividend Distribution

Dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period in which the dividends are approved by the shareholders. Any interim dividend paid is recognised on approval by Board of Directors. Dividend paid and corresponding tax on dividend distribution is recognised directly in equity.

#### p) Leases

#### As a lessee

The Company has adopted Ind AS 116 - "Leases" effective April 01, 2019, using the modified retrospective method. The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets. The impact of the adoption of the standard on the standalone financial statements of the Company is shown in note 39 of the standalone financial statements.



## (i) Right-of-use assets

The Company recognizes right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the assets.

## (ii) Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognizes lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### (iii) Short-term leases

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of building (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). Lease payments of short-term leases are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

## q) Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### a) Financial assets

#### (i) Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income (OCI), and fair value through profit or loss. The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Company's business model for managing them.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through OCI, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are 'solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)' on the principal amount outstanding. This assessment is referred to as the SPPI test and is performed at an instrument level. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss freepective of the business model.



## (ii) Subsequent measurement:

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortised cost; or
- b) at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI); or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

#### Amortised cost:

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

## Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Further, the Company, through an irrevocable election at initial recognition, has measured certain investments in compulsorily convertible preference share ("instruments") at FVTOCI. These instruments are neither held for trading nor are contingent consideration recognized under a business combination. Pursuant to such irrevocable election, subsequent changes in the fair value of such instruments are recognized in OCI. However, the Company recognizes dividend income from such instruments in the Statement of Profit and Loss, after conversion into equity shares, when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount can be measured reliably.

#### Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

All equity instruments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS 103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income all subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognised in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to profit and loss, even on sale of investment.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the profit and loss.

# (iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost, FVIPL and FVIPC and for the measurement and recognition of credit risk exposure.

The Company follows a 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises the impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12 months ECL.

Life-time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 12 months ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 12 months after the period end.

As a practical expedient, the Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimate. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed. On that basis, the Company estimates impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its trade receivables.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original effective interest rate (EIR). When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognised during the year is recognised as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. In balance sheet ECL for financial assets measured at amortised cost is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

#### (iv) Derecognition of financial assets:

A financial asset is derecognised only when:

- a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred; or
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognised only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the financial asset is neither transferred, nor the entity retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, then in that case financial asset is derecognised only if the Company has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.



Bikaji Foods International Limited Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

## b) Financial liabilities

# (i) Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortised cost, as appropriate. All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

## (ii) Subsequent measurement:

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

## Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL):

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

#### Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate ('EIR') method. Gains and losses are recognised in statement of profit and loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

## (iii) Derecognition of financial liability:

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as finance costs.

#### c) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

## r) Investment in subsidiary

Investment in subsidiary is measured at cost less impairment as per Ind AS 27 - 'Separate Financial Statements'.

#### Impairment of investments:

The Company reviews its carrying value of investments carried at cost annually, or more frequently when there is indication for impairment. If the recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is accounted in the statement of profit and loss.

Inter

s) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability accessible to the Company.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the standalone financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1: Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3: Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the Standalone Financial Statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting year.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and unquoted financial assets, and significant liabilities, such as contingent consideration.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

### t) Government grants

The Company has received approval under the Production Linked Incentive Scheme of the Government of India for specific product categories. Incentive under the scheme is subject to meeting certain committed investments and defined incremental sales threshold. Such grants are recognised as other operating revenue when there is a reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with all necessary conditions attached to the grant. Income from such grants is recognised on a systematic basis over the periods to which they relate.

### u) Business Combination

Business Combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting, except for common control transactions which are accounted using the pooling of interest method that is accounted at carrying values.

Common control business combination: Business combinations involving entities or businesses that are controlled by the Company are accounted using the pooling of interest method.

### v) Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of standalone financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future years.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively.

The following are the areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgements that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the standalone financial statements:-

### Useful life, method and residual value of property, plant and equipment

Plant and machineries and factory buildings contribute significant portion of the Company's Property, plant and equipment. The Company capitalises its plant and machineries and factory buildings in accordance with the accounting policy disclosed under note 2.2 (D) above. The Company estimates the useful life and residual value of assets as mentioned in note 2.2(D). However the actual useful life and residual value may be shorter/less or longer/more depending on technical innovations and competitive actions. Further, the Company is depreciating its plant and machineries and factory buildings by using straight line method based on the management estimate that repairs/wear and tear to plant and equipments and factory buildings are consistent over useful life of assets.

### Estimations in contingencies/ provisions

In preparing these standalone financial statements, management has made estimation pertaining to contingencies and provisions that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment and relates to the determination of contingencies and provisions outstanding with significant unobservable inputs.

### Taxes

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations, changes in tax laws, and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Company establish provisions based on reasonable estimates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective domicile of the companies.

### Retirement benefit obligation

The cost of retirement benefits and present value of the retirement benefit obligations in respect of Gratuity and Leave Encashment is determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions which may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and future pension increases. Due to the complexity of the valuation, the underlying assumptions and its long-term nature, these retirement benefit obligations are sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. In determining the appropriate discount rate, management considers the interest rates of long-term government bonds with extrapolated maturity corresponding to the expected duration of these obligations. The mortality rate is based on publicly available mortality table for the specific countries. Future salary, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors and pension increases are based on expected future inflation on a long-term basis. Further details about the assumptions used, including a sensitivity analysis are given in Note 35.

### Fair value measurement of financial instrument

When the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Outdownents include considerations of inputs such as liquidity tisk, credit risk and volatility Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported internations.

fair value of financial instruments.

### Impairment of Financial assets

The impairment provision of financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

### Leases

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirements of Ind AS 116. Identification of a lease requires significant judgement. The Company uses significant judgement in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate. The Company determines the lease term as the noncancellable period of a lease, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option. In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to extend a lease, or not to exercise an option to terminate a lease, it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease, or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease. The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the noncancellable period of a lease. The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of leases with similar characteristics.

### Assessment of liability as remote, contingencies or liability/ provision

In preparing these standalone financial statements, Management has made judgement in respect of classification of impact of certain pending/ existing tax related litigations as remote, probable obligation or possible obligation based on facts and involvement of external experts. Such judgement by the management materially affects the standalone financial statements.

## w) Recent accounting pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2024, MCA has not notified any new standards or amendments to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

### x) Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method, whereby net profits before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature and any deferrals or accruals of past or future cash receipts or payments and items of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from regular revenue generating (operating activities), investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 3: Property, plant and equipment ^

Particulars	Land (Freehold)*	Land (Freehold)* Factory building	Other building	Plant and equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Leasehold improvement	Vehicles	Office equipment's	Computers and peripherals	Total
Gross block at cost										
As at April 01, 2022 (Restated)	434.08	14,691.13	894.77	41,614.31	1,412.47	727.64	1,431.38	450.90	364.53	62,021.21
Additions		6,588.27	148.18	7,822.79	70.89	7.15	186.43	37.02	61.99	14,922.72
Disposals / adjustments	*	ŧ	(38.72)	(1,098.45)	î	₽5	(7.16)		2	(1,144.33)
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)	434.08	21,279.40	1,004.23	48,338.65	1,483.36	734.79	1,610.65	487.92	426.52	75,799.60
Additions	•	3,980.14		12,779.74	87.90	62.40	292.20	47.72	25.83	17,275.93
Disposals / adjustments	•	8.5		(316.61)		· E	(84.40)			(401.01)
As at March 31, 2024	434.08	25,259.54	1,004.23	60,801.78	1,571.26	797.19	1,818.45	535.64	452.35	92,674.52
Accumulated depreciation and impairment	pairment									
As at April 01, 2022 (Restated)		2,647.26	66.64	12,336.20	784.52	15.15	820.83	181.95	304.39	17,156.94
Depreciation charge for the year		656.90	18.72	2,953.58	170.75	73.69	135.25	38.72	40.51	4,088.12
Disposals / adjustments	**	DE:	(6.54)	(596.27)			(6.04)	•	,	(608.85)
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)	•	3,304.16	78.82	14,693.51	955.27	88.84	950.04	220.67	344.90	20,636.21
Depreciation charge for the year	•	779.69	13.98	3,386.76	146.19	79.16	142.59	39.98	42.93	4,631.28
Disposals / adjustments		. 10	•	(179.08)	•	a:	(80.18)	ij.		(259.26)
Reversal of Impairment (refer note 44)		,	34	(194.04)		×	ě		¥	(194.04)
As at March 31, 2024		4,083.85	92.80	17,707.15	1,101.46	168.00	1,012.45	260.65	387.83	24,814.19
Net block		_								
As at March 31, 2024	434.08	21,175.69	911.43	43,094.63	469.80	629.19	806.00	274.99	64.52	67,860.33
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)	434.08	17,975.24	925,41	33,645.14	528.09	645.95	660.61	267.25	81.62	55,163.39

<sup>^</sup> Refer note 20 for information related to property, plant and equipment pledged as security by the Company.

Notes:

erstwhile name i.e. Shivdeep Industries Limited, of the Company. \* All immovable properties are in name of the Company. However, there are certain immovable properties aggregating gross carrying value of INR 187.15 lakhs (March 31, 2023 INR 187.15 laks) are still being carried in







Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Contract Con	and the second second second	
Note 4	Capital	work-in	-progress

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	6,970.64	4,814.04
Add: Addition through business combination	-	9,752.05
As at April 01, 2023	6,970.64	14,566.09
Add: Addition during the year	11,607.42	7,484.55
Less : Capitalised during the year	(17,345.54)	(15,080.00)
Closing balance #	1,232.52	6,970.64

# Capital work-in-progress mainly comprise expenditure for new production facilities/ lines.

### a) Ageing of Capital work-in progress

Ac at	March	31	2024

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	1,232.52	*		•	1,232.52
Total	1,232.52	•	198		1,232.52

### As at March 31, 2023

Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	3,863.11	2,123.72		#31	5,986.83
Projects temporarily suspended	29.61	426.99	475.78	51.43	983.81
Total	3,892.72	2,550.71	475.78	51.43	6,970.64

### b) Ageing of Capital work-in progress - whose completion is overdue

### As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	1 2000-1100-1100-1100-1100-1100-1100-110		To be completed	in	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Universal Line Project			14.		
Total	<u> </u>			•	

### As at March 31, 2023

Particulars			To be completed	in	
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Universal Line Project	983.81			130	983.81
Total	983.81	•			983.81

Note 5: Investment property		
Particulars	Land (freehold) *	Total
Gross block at cost		
As at April 01, 2022 (Restated)	370.84	370.84
Additions	146.25	146.25
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)	517.09	517.09
Additions	69.61	69.61
As at March 31, 2024	586.70	586.70
Accumulated depreciation		
As at April 01, 2022 (Restated)		
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)		
As at March 31, 2024		
Net block		
As at March 31, 2024	586.70	586.70
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)	517.09	517.09

<sup>\*</sup> All immovable properties are in name of the Company. However, there are certain immovable properties aggregating carrying value of INR 98.08 lakhs (March 31, 2023 INR 98.08 lakhs) are still being carried in erstwhile name i.e. Shivdeep Industries Limited, of the Company.

### Foot note: (a) Fair value

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fair value	3 147 64	2 624 89

The fair value of investment property has been determined by external, independent registered property valuer as defined under Rule 2 of the Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017, having appropriate recognised professional qualification and recent experience in the location and category of the property being valued. The Company obtained independent valuation for its investment properties and fair value measurement has been categorized as level 3 inputs. The fair value has been arrived using market prevailing rates applicable to same location. Increase in market rate of property in same location would result in increase in fair value of investment property and vice versa.

### Note 6: Intangible assets

Particulars		Trade marks	Computer software	Total
Gross block at cost				
As at April 01, 2022 (Restated)		62.19	347.66	409.85
Additions		•	11.03	11.03
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated)		62.19	358.69	420.88
Additions				
As at March 31, 2024		62.19	358.69	420.88
Accumulated amortisation				
As at April 01, 2022 (Restated)		34.39	260.51	294.90
Amortisation charge for the year		5.72	35.56	41.28
As at March 31, 2023 (Restated) Amortisation charge for the year		40.11	296.07	336.18
Amortisation charge for the year	T.	5.68	21,24	26.92

rch 31, 2023 (Restated)

at March 31, 2024



is inter	· ·	45.79	317.31
000	1.38		
	1511	16.40	41.38
RIVABIL	Diala	22.08	62.62

363.10

57.78

84.70

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 7: Financial assets - Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Investment at cost (unquoted)		
Subsidiaries		
Equity shares (unquoted and measured at cost)		
37,79,100 equity shares (March 31, 2023: 37,79,100 equity shares) having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Petunt Foods Processors Private Limited		118.00
Deemed equity contribution #		6.33
(A)	(*)	124.33
766,860 equity shares (March 31, 2023: 766,860 equity shares) having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	76.69	76.69
5,100 equity shares (March 31, 2023: 5,100 equity shares) having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Maa Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	0.51	0.51
9,608 equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujialalji Private Limited	490.01	
5,100 equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Mega Food Park Private	0.51	1070
Limited	0.51	
50,000 common stock having face value of USD 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Foods International USA Corp	416.43	
(B)	984.15	77.20
Total investment at cost (A+B)	984.15	200000000
	704.13	201.53
Subsidiaries		
Compulsory convertible debenture (unquoted and measured at cost)	Halayara	
396 equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujialalji Private Limited	20.20	•
Investments at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) Subsidiaries		
1,04,90,000 0.001% Optionally convertible debentures (OCD Series A) (March 31, 2023: 1,04,90,000 OCD Series A) of INR 10 each in Petunt Foods Processors Private Limited	743.29	806.44
Loss on investment at fair value through profit & loss (refer note 41)	(0.29)	(63.15)
65,80,700 Optionally convertible debentures with variable coupon rates (OCD Series B) (March 31, 2023: 65,80,700 OCD Series B) of INR 10 each in Petunt Foods Processors Private Limited	652.60	675.25
Loss on investment at fair value through profit & loss (refer note 41)	(28.60)	(22.65)
45,00,000 8.00% Optionally convertible debentures (March 31, 2023 45,00,000 8.00% OCD) of INR 10		** SACORDAY **
each in of Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	439.92	445.82
Gain/(loss) on investment at fair value through profit & loss (refer note 41)	6.15	(5.90)
	1,833.27	1,835.81
Others		-
Jnquoted		
nvestment in Mutual-fund	1,221.33	110.21
nvestment in equity shares	5.00	5.00
nvestment in Compulsory Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) nvestment in Optional Convertible Debentures (OCD)	827.00	885.00
The strict in optional convertible bebenfules (OCD)	1,080.39	1,034.45
Total FVTPL investments	3,133.72 4,966.99	2,034.66 3,870.47
	V	3,070.17
Total investments	5,951.14	4,072.00
aggregate book value of unquoted investments	5,951.14	4.072.00
aggregate amount of impairment in value of investments	(124.33)	4,072.00 (310.67)
aggregate amount of (Loss) / gain in value of investments	(23.68)	66.75
(Table )	(23.08)	66.75

# The Company invested in OCD Series A and Series B issued by Petunt Food Processors Private Limited. Investment is recognised at fair value which represents the present value of all future cash receipts discounted using the prevailing market rate of interest for a similar instrument with a similar credit rating. This amount represent fair valuation gain on initial recognition presented as investment by company.





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 8: Loans

Particulars	As at	As a
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Carried at amortised cost	,	
Non-current Loan		
Loans Receivables considered good - Unsecured #	8,321.95	4,505.01
Total	8,321.95	4,505.01
Breakup of loans:-		
- Related parties ^	1,395.56	897.50
- Others	6,926.39	3,607.51
Total	8,321.95	4,505.01

# The loans have been given in accordance with terms and conditions of the underlying agreements executed with body corporates as per their request for urgent financial assistance. The fundings provided during the year have been duly authorised by the Board of Directors as per the compliance of the Section 186 of Companines Act, 2013.

These loans are provided at interest rate between 8% to 10% p.a. (March 31, 2023: 8% to 10% p.a.)

### Note 9: Other financial assets - Non current

Particulars	As at	As a
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Carried at amortised cost		
Security deposits	444.86	368.87
Bank deposits with remaining maturity period of more than 12 months	5,808.70	2,963.19
Balances with banks held as margin money #		20.42
Total	6,253.56	3,352.48
# Represent deposits under lien by bank against bank guarantees		
Note 10: Other assets - Non-current		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Capital advances		
Considered good	3,697.28	2,474.28
Other than Capital advances		
Prepaid expenses	52.42	81.68
Balance with government authorities #	193.80	193.80
Total	3,943.50	2,749.76

# Includes writ petition filed by the Company before Jodhpur High Court for transitioning CENVAT credit in respect of capital goods purchased during April 01, 2016 to June 30, 2017 in pre-GST period. Certain goods manufactured by the Company were hitherto exempted from the levy of central excise duty but has become taxable under GST regime. Considering that input tax credit is available on such purchases in the GST period, the writ has been filed on the equitable grounds in line with the objective of GST to avoid cascading effect of taxes and ensure seamless flow of credit. Based on internal assessment, management believes that the Company has good chances of winning this matter in their favour.

# Note 11: Non-current tax assets

raiticulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Advance Income tax	588.96	324.23
Total	588.96	324.23
Note 12: Inventories ^		
(At cost and net realisable value, whichever is lower) *		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Raw materials	1,991.12	1,997.94
Packing materials	2,246.29	2,932.17
Work in progress	226.02	145.19
Finished goods		
- In Stock	1,411.76	1,011.75
- Goods in transit	816.54	1,014.03
Stores and spares	388.43	349.95
Total	7,080.16	7,451.03

During the year ended March 31, 2024 INR NIL (March 38, 2023, TNR 52.07 lakh) was recognised as an expense for writing down the value to net revalue.

^ Refer note 20 for information related to inventories hypothecated by the Company against cash credit facility.

For stores and spares, refer accounting police



<sup>^</sup> Loans includes receivables from companies in which director of the Company is a director. (refer note 36)

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 13: Trade receivables ^

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Trade receivables - unsecured	11,153.39	8,737.80
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses (refer note 42)	(106.40)	(208.84)
Total	11,046.99	8,528.96
Breakup of trade receivables:		
- Related parties #	1,768.65	794.63
- Others	9,278.34	7,734.33
Total	11,046.99	8,528.96

<sup>^</sup> Refer note 20 for information related to trade receivables hypothecated by the Company against cash credit facility. # Trade receivables includes receivables from companies in which director of the Company is a director. (refer note 36)

### Ageing of Trade receivables:

As at March 31, 2024

Particular		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				ate of payment	
	Not due	Less than 6 month	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed							
Considered good	1,457.86	8,435.86	1,056.45	121.27	57.24	24.71	11,153.39
Which have significant increase in credit risk	12					50000000 8 <b>*</b> 20	200 t 1000 t
Credit impaired		-	*		9.00	40	
Disputed							
Considered good		-	-	18			
Which have significant increase in credit risk						14.7	
Credit impaired			2	- 2			
Total	1,457.86	8,435.86	1,056.45	121.27	57.24	24.71	11,153.39
Less: Allowance for receivables considered good (refer note 42)							(106.40)
Total						11 <del>2</del>	11,046.99
As at March 31 2023							

Particular		0	utstanding for f	ollowing period	s from due da	ate of payment	
	Not due	Less than 6 month	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Undisputed							
Considered good	585.11	7,613.06	351.92	160.45	27.26	12	8.737.80
Which have significant increase in credit risk	1.50	IIT.	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	400 Marie (1994)	1.00	9	
Credit impaired	1.0	1063	163	-	(40)	14	(\$40)
Disputed							
Considered good	•	7.5			(0.0)		800
Which have significant increase in credit risk		3.4	- 1	-		52	
Credit impaired	520	(4)			-		
Total	585.11	7,613.06	351.92	160.45	27.26		8,737.80
Less: Allowance for receivables considered good (refer note 42)							(208.84)

Note 14: Cash and cash equiva
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Total

	As at
March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
442.97	1,639.84
29.14	23.86
200.00	15
672.11	1,663.70
	442.97 29.14 200.00

### Note 15: Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Bank deposits with original maturity period of more than 3 month and less than 12 months	10,757.32	7,400.25
Balances with banks held as margin money #	6,115.20	503.96
Unclaimed dividend (Earmarked)	0.99	0.75
Total	16,873.51	7,904.96
# Popragent deposits under lion by hank against hank against		





8,528.96

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 16: Other financial assets - current

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Carried at amortised cost		
Security deposits		
Considered good	410.09	335.41
Others		
Bank deposits with original maturity period of more than 12 months and residual maturity less than 12 months	1,879.40	5,448.52
Balances with banks held as margin money #	3.42	3,695.49
Interest accrued on bank deposits and others	519.80	383.79
IPO Expenses recoverable**	126.73	119.54
Total	2,939.44	9,982.75
# Represent deposits under lien by bank against bank guarantees		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
** Includes payment to auditors	•	2.12

<sup>\*\*</sup> IPO expenses recoverable represent the amount incurred by the Company towards Initial Public Offer (IPO) of the equity through offer for sale held by the selling shareholders as the Company got listed on stock exchange on November 16, 2022. As per the Offer Agreement between the Company and the selling shareholders, these expenses are entirely recoverable from selling shareholders in proportion to the shares that are offered. As on March 31, 2024, IPO expenses recoverable amounting INR 126.73 lakhs (March 31, 2023 INR 119.54 lakhs) shall be recovered once the invoices submitted by the Company to the custodian of Escrow account.

Note 17: Other assets - Current

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(Unsecured, considered goods)		
Advances to vendors	4,029.18	3,828.18
Prepaid expenses	191.33	231.61
Balance with government authorities	460.15	1,656.44
Government grant receivable (Export benefits and production linked incentive) ^	5,215.27	40.61
Employees advances	111.77	74.14
Total	10,007.70	5,830.98
Breakup of advance to vendors:-		
- Related parties #	712.94	30.75
- Others	3,316.24	3,797.44
Total	4,029.18	3,828.18

<sup>^</sup> There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to these grants. (refer note 27)

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<sup>#</sup> Advance to vendors includes receivables from companies in which director of the Company is a director. (refer note 36)

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 18: Equity share capital

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Authorised share capital		
60,000,000 equity shares (March 31, 2023: 300,000,000 equity shares) of INR 1 each #	3,600.00	3,000.00
	3,600.00	3,000.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up share capital		
25,03,82,180 equity shares (March 31, 2023: 24,95,09,880 equity shares) of INR 1 each	2,503.82	2,495.10
Total	2,503.82	2,495.10

(a) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023	
	Number of shares (in lakhs)	Amount	Number of shares (in lakhs)	Amount
Balance at beginning of the Year	2,495.10	2,495.10	2,495.10	2,495.10
Add: Issued during the year ^	8.72	8.72	(*)	•
Balance at end of the Year	2,503.82	2,503.82	2,495.10	2,495.10

# During the year, the authorized share capital was increased form 30,00,00,000 equity shares of INR 1 each amounting to INR 3,000 lakhs to 36,00,00,000 equity shares of INR 1 each amounting to INR 3,600 lakhs vide order passed by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Jaipur Bench in respect of Scheme of merger between Hanuman Agrofood Private Limited with Bikaji Foods International Limited, and the said scheme became effective from February 14, 2024.

^ The Company has issued 872,300 equity shares of face value of INR 1 each, total amounting INR 1,275.63 lakhs (including securities premium) during the financial year 2023-24 under the ESOP scheme. The amount has been raised and utilised for working capital purposes.

### (b) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to the equity shareholders:

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of INR 1 per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share held. Dividend if any declared is payable in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of Equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% equity shares of the Company are as under :

Name of shareholders	Number of shares (in lakhs)	% of Holding as at March 31, 2024	Number of shares (in lakhs)	% of Holding as at March 31, 2023
Shiv Ratan Agarwal	857.43	34.24%	857.43	34.36%
Shiv Ratan Agarwal HUF	612.03	24.44%	612.03	24.53%
Deepak Agarwal	374.06	14.94%	389.06	15.59%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declaration received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represent both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

(d) No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.

### (e) Shares bought back during the immediately preceding five years

In the Financial year 2021-22, the Company completed the buyback of 4,40,000 equity shares of INR 1 each (fully paid-up) at a price of INR 280.06 per equity share aggregating to INR 1,232.26 lakhs (excluding transaction costs and applicable taxes). Consequent to the extinguishment, an amount of INR 4.40 lakhs representing the face value of these shares has been reduced from the share capital of the Company, with corresponding transfer of an equivalent amount to Capital Redemption Reserve as per the requirement of section 68 of Companies Act ,2013.

(f) Details of promoters' shareholding percentage in the Company is as below:

Name of Promoter's	As at a	As at March 31, 2024		As at March 31, 2023		
	Number of shares (in lakhs)	% of Holding	% of change	Number of shares (in lakhs)	% of Holding	% of change
Shiv Ratan Agarwal	857.43	34.24%	(0.12%)	857.43	34.36%	(1.00%)
Shiv Ratan Agarwal (HUF)	612.03	24.44%	(0.09%)	612.03	24.53%	0.00
Deepak Agarwal	374.06	14.94%	(0.65%)	389.06	15.59%	(1.00%)
Deepak Kumar Agarwal (HUF)	0.17	0.01%	(0.00%)	0.17	0.01%	0.00
Total	1,843.69	73.63%	(0.86%)	1,858.69	74.49%	(2.00%)

### (g) Shares reserved for issue under options

For details of shares reserved for issue under the Share based payment plan of the Company. (refer note 46)







Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 19: Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Securities premium		
Opening balance	33,847.68	33,847.68
Add: Security premium received on issue of equity shares during the year	1,266.91	
Closing balance (A)	35,114.59	33,847.68
General reserve		
Opening balance	188.69	188.69
Closing balance (B)	188.69	188.69
Capital redemption reserve (refer note 18 (e))		
Opening balance	4.40	4.40
Addition	-	
Closing balance (C)	4.40	4.40
Retained earnings		
Opening balance	58,223.79	44,801.91
Add: Profit during the year	26,972.76	13,843.48
Less: merger reserve (refer note 48)		(804.60)
Add: Remeasurement loss on defined benefit	(85.05)	(26.60)
plans (net)		
Transfer to retained earnings on acquisition of subsidiary	•	659.10
Transfer from Employee stock option reserve	1,117.37	5.0
Total (i)	86,228.87	58,473.29
Less: appropriation		
Dividend paid @ INR 0.75 per share (March 31, 2023: @ INR 0.10 per	(1,871.36)	(249.50)
share)		
Total appropriation (ii)	(1,871.36)	(249.50)
Closing balance (D)	84,357.51	58,223.79
Employee stock option reserve (ESOP)		
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,118.71	267.78
Add: Employee stock option expense	374.91	850.93
Add: ESOP expenses related to subsidiaries employee's	8.43	5.4
Transfer to Retained earnings	(1,117.37)	
Closing balance (E)	384.68	1,118.71
Other comprehensive income (OCI)		
Opening balance	•	659.10
Transfer to retained earnings on acquisition of subsidiary		(659.10)
Closing balance (F)	•	-
Total (A) + (B) + (C) + (D) + (E) + (F)	1,20,049.87	93,383.27

Securities premium: Securities premium is used to record premium received on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

General reserve: The general reserve is a free reserve which is used from time to time to transfer profits from / to retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the general reserve is created by a transfer from one component of equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the general reserve will not be reclassified subsequently to statement of profit and loss.

Capital redemption reserve: The Companies Act, 2013 requires that when a Company purchases its own shares out of free reserves or securities premium account, a sum equal to the nominal value of the shares so purchased shall be transferred to a capital redemption reserve. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of Section 69 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Retained earnings: Retained earnings includes remeasurement gain/loss on defined benefits (net of taxes) that will not be reclassed to standalone statement of Profit and loss and the accumulated profits earned by the Company till date, less transfer to general reserves, dividend (including dividend distribution tax) and other distributions made to the shareholders.

Employee stock option outstanding account: The Company offers ESOP under which options to subscribe for the Company's share have been granted to certain employees and senior management. The share based premium reserve is used to recognise the value of equity settled share based payments provided as part of the ESOP scheme.

Other comprehensive income (OCI): Other comprehensive income includes net gain / (loss) on equity instrument through other comprehensive income.

Dividend: The Board of Directors of the Company has paid a dividend of INR 0.75 per share (March 31, 2023: INR 0.10 per share) amounting to INR 0.51,871,36 lakhs (March 31, 2023 INR 249.50 lakhs) for the year ended March 31, 2024 for each share with face value of INR 1 each. The distribution has been in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Mata	20.	Borrowing

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Secured		
Non-current borrowing		
Term loan		
From bank (refer point 1 below)	998.14	2,635.83
Total (A)	998.14	2,635.83
Secured		
Current borrowing		
Loans repayable on demand from bank		
Cash credit (refer point 2 below)	6,489.14	6,467.23
Other term loans		
Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer point 1 below)	1,608.96	2,112.95
Total (B)	8,098.10	8,580.18
Total (A) + (B)	9,096.24	11,216.01

### Borrowings include:-

# 1. Term loans from State Bank of India ("SBI") and HDFC Bank Limited

- (i)Term loan from State Bank of India ("SBI") taken by the Company is secured by first charge by way of equitable mortgage of immovable industrial property i.e. land and building (construction thereon) and plant and machinery situated at,
- Bichhwal Industrial Area, Bikaner and, RIICO Industrial Area,
- Karni (Extension), Bikaner in the name of the Company,
- Hypothecation of plant and machinery at Village Dorakahara Bhahkajan, Mouzamadartola, Kamrup, Assam. Interest is charged at the rate of 8.85% p.a. to 9.00% p.a (March 31, 2023 7.40% to 8.85% p.a)
- (ii) Term Loan from HDFC Bank Limited is taken by the Company on which interest is charged at floating rate Interest rate ranges of 8.02% p.a. to 8.20% p.a. (March 31, 2023 5.50% to 8.04% p.a.) and is secured by way of:-
- Exclusive charge on plant and machinery situated at RIICO Industrial Area, Karni (Extension), Bikaner .

### 2. Cash credit

- (i) Cash credit loan including EPC from State Bank of India ("SBI") taken by the Company has interest is charged at 7.98% p.a. to 8.70% p.a. (March 31, 2023 7.40% to 8.85% p.a.) which are repayable on demand and is secured by way of:-
- Hypothecation over stocks, receivables.
- (ii) Cash credit loan is obtained from HDFC Bank Limited on which interest is charged at 7.87% p.a. Cash credit from HDFC Bank Limited is secured by hypothecation of stock of raw material, packing material and book debts which are repayable on demand.

### 3. Guarantees by Directors

All term loans and cash credit loans from SBI and HDFC Bank Limited are further guaranteed of certain directors/ promoters of the Company.

### Terms of repayment:-

### March 31, 2024

Particulars	No. of instalments outstanding	Instalment amount Repayment
Term loans from bank (refer point (1) (i) above)	23	37.05 Monthly
Term loans from bank (refer point (1) (ii) above)	6	291.09 6 month moratorium 12 Quarterly instalmen

### March 31, 2023

Particulars	No. of instalments outstanding	Instalment amount	Repayment
Term loans from bank (refer point (1) (i) above)	13	42.00	Monthly
Term loans from bank (refer point (1) (i) above)	35	37.05	Monthly
Term loans from bank (refer point (1) (ii) above)	10		6 month moratorium & 12 Quarterly instalments







Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 21: Provisions

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Non-current provisions		
-Gratuity (refer note 35)	104.96	4
Total (A)	104.96	*
Current provisions		
Provision for employee benefits		
-Gratuity (refer note 35)	290.63	152.48
-Compensated absences	217.72	147.50
Others		
-Provision for sales tax liability *		15.00
Total (B)	508.35	314.98
Total (A) + (B)	613.31	314.98
* Movement of sales tax liability		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	15.00	15.00
Amount utilised during the year	(15.00)	
Closing balance		15.00

<sup>\*</sup> Pertains to provision made towards sales tax on branded namkeen case against the Company. (refer note 37(a))

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Balance at the end of the year

Note 22: Deferred tax liability (net)
In compliance of Ind A5 12 "Income tax", the compnay has recognised the deferred tax liability major compinents of deferred tax assets and liabilities on account of timing differences asr

Reconciliation of Deferred tax liability (net)		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance at the beginning of the year	3,011.00	3,274.53
Add: Acquired through business combination		481.08
As at April 01, 2022	3,011.00	3,755.61
Tax benefit during the year recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	1,161.04	(735.67)
Tax benefit recognised in other comprehensive income	(28 61)	(8 94)

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2024

Particulars	April 01, 2023	Recognised (reversed) in Profit and loss account	Recognised in other comprehensive income	March 31, 2024
Deferred tax (asset) / liability in relation to :				
Property, plant and equipment	3,901.19	489.43	*	4,390.62
Items allowed on payment basis	(285.74)	207.90		(77.84)
PLI income recognised actual receipt basis	(499.33)	499.33	*	
Fair value adjustments of Investments	(66.74)	(41.42)	•	(108.16)
Retirement gain on defined benefit plans	(38.38)	5.80	(28.61)	(61.19)
Net deferred tax liability	3,011.00	1,161.04	(28.61)	4,143.43

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year ended March 31, 2023

Particulars	April 01, 2022	Acquired through Business Combination	Recognised (reversed) in Profit and loss account	Recognised in other comprehensive income	March 31, 2023
Deferred tax (asset) / liability in relation to :					
Property, plant and equipment	3,534.53	201.62	165.04		3,901.19
Items allowed on payment basis	(285.53)		(0.21)		(285.74)
Brought Forwad Losses		(1.46)	1.46		
PLI income recognised actual receipt basis	×		(499.33)		(499.33)
Fair value adjustments of Borrowings		280.92	(280.92)		15:11
Fair value adjustments of Investments	69.60	(4)	(136.34)		(66.74)
Retirement benefit obligations	(44.07)		14.63	(8.94)	(38.38)
Net deferred tax liability	3,274.53	481.08	(735.67)	(8.94)	3,011.00

Particulars	As at	As at
ends approprie de l'	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(a) Income tax expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss:		
Current tax		
Current tax on profit for the year	7,663.85	4,838.67
Income tax for earlier years	(227.83)	114.14
Total current tax expense (A)	7,436.02	4,952.81
Deferred tax		
Deferred tax charge / (credit)	1,161.04	(735.67)
Total deferred tax charge / (credit) (B)	1,161.04	(735.67)
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss (A) + (B)	8,597.06	4,217.14
(b) OCI Section - Income tax related to items recognised in OCI during the year:		
Net gain on remeasurement of defined benefit plans	28.61	8.94
Income tax expense charged to OCI	28.61	8.94
(c) Reconciliation of income tax expense and the accounting profit multiplied by Company's tax rate:		
Profit before income tax expense	35,569.82	18,060.63
Income tax rate	25.168%	25.168%
Amount of tax at Company's tax rate (A)	8,952.21	4,545.50
Adjustments:-		
Charity and donation	42.84	33.69
CSR expenditure	285.00	203.59
Non-deductible tax expenses	998.01	49.98
Deductible tax expenses	(1,831.60)	
Liabilities written back	*	(889.94)
Leased property		(1,155.49)
Total adjustment	(505.75)	(1,758.17)
Income tax rate	25.168%	25.168%
Tax impact of adjustment (B)	(127.32)	(442.50)
Income tax for earlier years (C)	(227.83)	114.14
Income tax expense recognised in the statement of profit and loss (A)+(B)+(C)	8,597.06	4,217.14







4,143.43

3,011.00

BIKAJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024
(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 23: Trade payables \*

	AD OL	AS OL
March	ካ 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer footnote)	1,042.34	1,015,49
anding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3,912.50	4,058.60
	4,954.84	5,074.09

# Note:- Details of amounts outstanding to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined under the MSMED Act, 2006:-

This information as required under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

5,074.09	0.11	22.13	10.24	2,500.39	1,388.52	1,152.70	O
							small enterprises
(4)	2005		1983				Disputed dues - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and
4,058.60	0.11	22.13	10.24	1,782.42	1,092.00	1,151.70	Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro
4	26	714	Si .	ï	9	,	Disputed dues - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises
1,015.49	į.		¥0	717.97	296.52	1.00	Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises
Total	More than 3 years	2-3 years	1-2 years	Less than 1 year	Not due	Unbilled dues	
		late of payment	ing periods from due date of payment	Outstanding for following			Particulars
							As at March 31, 2023
4,954.84		19.02	31.52	245.05	2,530.36	2,128.89	Total
	<i>x</i>	Ŧ	a	ī	×	·	Disputed dues - total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises
3,912.50	si.	19.02	31.52	203.51	1,529.56	2,128.89	Undisputed dues $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterprises
	¥		ř	92	į.	ř	Disputed dues - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises
1,042.34			3.	41.54	1,000.80	3	Undisputed dues - total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises
Total	More than 3 years	2-3 years	1-2 years	Less than 1 year	Not due	Unbilled dues	
1/08		ate of payment	ing periods from due date of payment	Outstanding for following			Particulars
						SMED Act, 2006	purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under Section 23 of the MSMED Act, 2006 As at March 31, 2024
		se for the	id to the small enterpri	ies as above are actually pa	e when the interest du	eding years, until such dat	v) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the
	ī					ing year; and	iy) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of accounting year; and
98	a	ne interest	r) but without adding th	pointed day during the yea	oaid but beyond the ap	ayment (which have been I	iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act, 2006:
(6)		g year:	y during each accountin	r beyond the appointed da	nt made to the supplie	the amounts of the payme	ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer under MSMED Act, 2006 along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year:
	•						<ul> <li>Interest accrued and remaining unpaid as at year end</li> </ul>
1,015.49	1,042.34				accounting year	upplier at the end of each	<ul> <li>i) The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year</li> <li>- Principal amount remaining unpaid</li> </ul>
As at March 31, 2023	As at March 31, 2024						Particulars



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 24: Other financial liabilities - current

Particulars	As at	As at
Farticulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(Unsecured unless otherwise stated)		
Accrued employees liabilities	597.82	620.15
Book overdraft #	*	34.45
Creditors for capital goods	944.20	813.58
Trade deposits from customers	150.97	154.26
Interest payable on Borrowings	18.75	43.54
Unclaimed dividend	0.49	0.25
Total	1,712.23	1,666.23

# This represent amounts of cheques issued in excess of balances in certain bank accounts, which were presented for payment by parties subsequent to the year end.

Note 25: Other liabilities - current

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Statutory dues	848.97	1,119.23
Contract liabilities	824.54	1,056.03
Accounting for refund liabilities #	109.27	98.95
Grant liability towards unfilled obligation (refer note 37)	¥	1,984.00
Deferred grant income	37.68	2
Total	1,820.46	4,258.21

# Non-Current

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Deferred grant income	444.25	Ě
Total	444.25	(e)

# The Company has recognised a refund liability for sale of goods on which Company does not expect to receive consideration. The costs to recover the products are cost to the Company because the customers usually return the product which are not in saleable condition.

Note 26: Current tax liabilities (net)

Particulars	As at	As at
Faiticulais	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Income tax provision	147.85	
Total	147.85	-

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 27: Revenue from operations

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Sale - food products		
Finished goods	2,09,254.02	1,85,282.81
Traded goods	10,732.33	8,922.12
Other operating revenue		
Scrap sales	123.89	186.43
Government grants *		
Export benefits	55.72	47.43
Production linked incentive (net) (refer note 37)	9,305.00	
Total	2,29,470.96	1,94,438.79

\* Export benefits and Production linked incentive are government grants and include following:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Remission of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products (RoDTEP) ^	55.72	47.43
Production linked incentive ^	9,305.00	
Total	9,360.72	47.43

<sup>\*</sup> There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to these benefits.

### Foot note:-

Income from export incentives such as Remission of Duties and Taxes on Exported Products are recognised on accrual basis.

Reconciliation of revenue recognised with contract price for sale of foods products:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Sale - food products	2,24,802.25	1,98,728.77
Adjustments for refund liabilities	(10.32)	(17.99)
Discount and rebates	(4,805.58)	(4,505.85)
Revenue from sale of food products	2,19,986.35	1,94,204.93

The table below represents summary of contract assets and liabilities relating to contract with customers:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Receivables (refer note 13)	11,046.99	8,528.96
Contract liabilities (refer note 25)	824.54	1,056.03

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 28: Other income

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest income on:		
Bank deposits	1,581.27	891.97
loans	485.14	186.47
Investments	119.82	101.74
Others	16.60	13.07
Other non operating income:		
Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required	102.33	925.28
Fair value adjustment on Investment (refer note 7)	11.11	66.75
Gain on lease modification (refer note 39)	5.31	1.81
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	( <del>7</del> )	19.49
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain (net)	50.27	36.98
Amortisation of deferred grant income	49.07	
Reversal of provision of doubtful debts	22.31	
Reversal of Impairment of property, plant & equipment (refer note 44)	194.04	
Total	2,637.27	2,243.56

### Foot note

- (i) Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate (EIR) method.
- (ii) The functional currency of the Company is the Indian Rupee. These Standalone Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupee. Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the Balance Sheet date. The gains and losses resulting from such translations are included in net profit in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the year in which the transaction is settled.
- (iii) Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with. When the Company receives grants of non-monetary assets, the asset and the grant are recorded at fair value amounts and released to the statement of profit and loss over the expected useful life in a pattern of consumption of the benefit of the underlying asset.

Note 29: Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Raw material		
Inventory at the beginning of the year	1,997.94	2,278.74
Add: Purchases during the year	1,20,910.03	1,11,222.73
	1,22,907.97	1,13,501.47
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	1,991.12	1,997.94
Cost of raw material consumed (A)	1,20,916.85	1,11,503.53
Packing material (Primary)		
Inventory at the beginning of the year	2,932.17	2,627.73
Add: Purchases during the year	18,469.22	19,264.82
	21,401.39	21,892.55
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	2,246.29	2,932.17
Cost of packing material consumed (B)	19,155.10	18,960.38
Total (A) + (B)	1,40,071.95	1,30,463.91
Note 30 (a): Changes in inventories of finished goods		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	2,025.78	1,675.19
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	2,228.30	2,025.78
Changes in inventories of finished goods	(202.52)	(350.59)
Note 30 (b): Changes in inventories of Work in progress		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Inventory at the beginning of the year	145.19	87.75
Less: Inventory at the end of the year	226.02	145.19
Changes in inventories of work in progress	(80.83)	(57.44)
Call and to		





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 31:	Employee	benefits	expense
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Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Salaries, wages and bonus & other allowance	9,421.03	8,162.87
Contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 35(a))	540.11	502.06
Share based payment expense (refer note 46)	374.91	850.93
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	351.16	167.59
Gratuity expense (refer note 35(b))	164.91	140.11
Total	10,852.12	9,823.56

Note 32: Depreciation, amortisation and impairment expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (refer note 3)	4,631.28	4,088.12
Amortisation of intangible assets (refer note 6)	26.92	41.28
Amortisation of right-of-use assets (refer note 39)	1,053.96	405.45
Less: Amortisation of right-of-use assets capitalised during the year	(66.29)	(33.98)
Total	5,645.87	4,500.87

Note 33: Finance costs

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest cost on:		
Borrowings (refer note 20)	674.92	797.60
Less: Interest on borrowing capitalised during the year	(133.00)	(148.85)
Others:		
- Statutory dues	0.25	36.06
- Lease liabilities (refer note 39)	315.45	152.29
Less: Interest on lease liabilities capitalised during the year	(54.28)	(10.86)
Total	803.34	826.24

Note 34: Other expenses

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Power and fuel	5,128.37	5,628.71
Job work charges	3,268.97	2,117.57
Store and spares consumed	860.76	602.27
Brokerage and commission	528.70	200.68
Laboratory expenses	20.12	29.35
Repair and maintenance:		
Building	225.71	241.83
Plant and machinery	594.52	493.67
Others	114.36	92.12
Advertisement expenses *	3,980.28	3,304.52
Sales promotion expenses	1,270.66	982.19
Freight and forwarding charges	8,703.49	7,529.40
Rent	251.06	155.13
Rates and taxes	508.23	241.70
Insurance expenses	140.55	202.61
Legal and professional charges	1,813.43	665.50
License/ membership and trade mark expenses	112.07	56.04
Payment to auditors [refer note 34 (a)]	101.75	79.23
Travelling & boarding/lodging expenses	946.82	762.71
Charity and donation	42.84	33.69
Corporate social responsibility expenses [refer note 34 (b)]	285.00	203.59
Loss on sales of property, plant and equipments	50.46	-
Bank charges	63.89	57.16
Sitting fees & commission to independent director	56.67	61.25
Bad debts written off	-	164.27
Advances written off	26.45	-
Provision for doubtful debts (refer note 13)	-	70.17
Security Deposit written off	-	5.87
Fair value adjustment on Investment (refer note 7)	34.79	(*)
Provision for slow moving inventory		52.07
Impairment loss on investment	124.33	310.67
Miscellaneous expenses	1,055.44	811.49
Total	30,309.72	25,155.46
* Not of Production Linked Incentive of INP 648 50 lakhe towards reimbu		

Net of Production Linked Incentive of INR 648.50 lakks towards reimbursement of branding and marketing expenditure. (refer note



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 34 (a): Payment to auditors

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
- As auditor		
Statutory audit fees	90.00	75.00
Tax audit fees	2.00	2.00
- In other capacity		
Certification & other services	1.25	9
- IPO expenses		
Reimbursement of expenses	8.50	2.23
Total	101.75	79.23

Note 34 (b): Details of corporate social responsibility as per Section 135 (5) of act and rules made thereunder:

As per provision of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies Amendment Act, 2019, the Company has to spent at least 2% of the average profits of the preceding three financial years towards CSR activities. Accordingly, a CSR committee has been formed for carrying out the CSR activities as per Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013.

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
CSR amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act,	284.23	200.22
2013 read with Schedule VII		
Amount spent during the year on:-		
(i) Construction/ acquisition of an asset		
(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	285.00	203.59
Shortfall at the end of the year	100 to	
(Excess) / unspent amount	(0.77)	(3.37)

A significant portion of CSR expenditure was incurred in a goal to fight poverty, malnutrition, improve girl child education, provide education to the poor, promote Clean India Mission in order to inhabitate a clean and hygienic environment.

Nature of CSR activities undertaken during the current year:	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Health Care and Medical Facilities	650	37.31
Environment Sustainability	4.75	
Social Awareness	71.00	76.00
Educational and Support Facilities	33.47	27.74
National Apprenticeship Promotion Scheme (NAPS)	163.78	62.54
Protection of Culture and Promoting Sports	12.00	
Total	285.00	203.59

Note 34 (c): Earnings per share

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Net profit after tax attributable to shareholders of the Company	26,972.76	13,843.48
Weighted average number of equity share in lakhs (face value of INR 1 per share)	2,498.97	2,495.10
Potential equity shares under ESOP scheme	1.53	3.54
Weighed average number of dilutive potential equity shares (face value of INR 1 per share)	2,500.50	2,498.64
Basic earnings per share	10.79	5.55
Dilutive earnings per share	10.79	5.54
Face value per equity share	1.00	1.00

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.







Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 35: Employee benefits obligations

(a) Defined contribution plans

### (i) Provident fund and other fund

The Company makes contribution towards employees' provident fund and employees' state insurance plan scheme. Under the schemes, the Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll cost, as specified in the rules of the schemes, to these defined contribution schemes.

Provident fund and employees' state insurance plan scheme is a defined contribution scheme established under a state plan. The contributions to the scheme are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the year when the contributions to the funds are due.

The Company has recognised following amounts as expense in the statement of profit and loss	its	
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Included in contribution to provident and other funds (refer note 31)		
Employees' state insurance plan	101.11	130.73
Provident fund	439.00	371.33
	540.11	502.06

### (b) Defined benefit plan: Gratuity

The Company has a defined benefit gratuity plan. The gratuity scheme of a Company is covered under a group gratuity cum life assurance cash accumulation policy offered by Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC). The funding to the scheme is done through policy taken with Life Insurance Corporation of India. Every employee who has completed a minimum of five years service is entitled to gratuity based on fifteen days last drawn salary for every completed year of service to a maximum of INR 20 lakhs. The disclosures as required pursuant to the Ind AS 19 is as under:-

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Service cost	155.78	129.65
Net interest cost	9.13	10.46
Total defined benefit cost included in statement of profit and loss	164.91	140.11
Classified as:		
"Employee benefit expense" of statement of profit and loss	164.91	140.11
(ii) Current / non-current bifurcation		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current benefit obligation	290.63	152.48
Non-current benefit obligation	104.96	
Liability recognised in the balance sheet	395.59	152.48
(iii) Key financial assumptions used at the end of the year		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Discount rate	7.09%	7.27%-7.32%
Salary escalation rate	10.00%	10.00%
Expected return on plan assets	7.09%	7.27%
(iv) Actual return on plan asset		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
And the second s	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest income on plan assets	50.73	41.10
Remeasurement on plan assets	(5.71)	(3.12)
Actual return on plan assets	45.02	37.98
(v) Analysis of amounts recognised in other comprehensive (income) / loss at the end of the year		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Amount recognised in OCI, beginning of the year	152.05	116.51
Remeasurement due to:-		

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Amount recognised in OCI, beginning of the year	152.05	116.51
Remeasurement due to:-		
Effect of change in financial assumptions	6.86	(15.38)
Effect of experience adjustments	101.09	47.80
Return on plan assets (excluding interest)	5.71	3.12
Total Remeasurement recognised in OCI	113.66	35.54
Amount recognised in OCI, end of the year	265.71	152.05

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Defined benefit obligation, beginning of the year	850.33	778.63
Service cost	155.78	129.65
Interest cost	59.86	51.56
Actuarial (gain) / loss	107.95	32.42
Benefits paid	(33.69)	
Benefits paid from fund	(4.33)	(137.68)
Transfer out		(4.25)
Defined benefit obligation, end of the year	1,135.90	850.33





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(vii) Change in fair value of plan assets during the year

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Fair value of plan assets, beginning of the year	697.85	603.51
Interest income plan assets	50.73	41.10
Contribution	1.77	194.03
Actuarial losses	(5.71)	(3.12)
Benefits paid	(4.33)	(137.67)
Fair value of plan assets, end of the year	740.31	697.85

(viii) Reconciliation of balance sheet amount (net)

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Balance sheet liability, beginning of the year	152.48	175.11
Total charge recognised in statement of profit and loss	164.91	140.11
Total Remeasurement recognised in OCI	113.66	35.54
Benefits paid by employer	(33.69)	(7)
Contribution	(1.77)	(194.03)
Transfer out		(4.25)
Balance sheet liability, end of the year	395.59	152.48

(ix) The major categories of plan assets as a percentage of the fair value of total plan assets are as follows:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Insurer managed fund through approved trust	100.00%	100.00%

Investment fund are managed by Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) is further invested in equity and debts markets in pre-determined ratio to balance market risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and concentration risk.

(x) Demographic assumptions used to determine the defined benefit

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Withdrawal rate	25.00%	25.00%
Mortality rate	IALM(2012-14) Ultimate	IALM(2012-14) Ultimate
Retirement age	60 Years	60 Years

(xi) Expected cash flows for the next years

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended March 31, 2023
	March 31, 2024	
Within 1 year	300.76	223.69
Between 1 and 2 year	216.65	146.09
Between 2 and 3 year	193.85	128.96
Between 3 and 4 year	151.32	123.64
Between 4 and 5 year	133.45	99.45
Beyond 5 years	369.65	319.47

(xii) Employers best estimate of contribution to defined benefit plan (gratuity) for next reporting year March 31, 2025 is INR 572.81 lakhs (March 31, 2024 is INR 303.37 lakhs).

(xiii) The weighted average duration of defined benefit obligation is 4.67 years (March 31, 2023 5.31 - 11.99 years).

### (xiv) Sensitivity analysis

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Defined benefit obligation (discount rate + 100 basis points)	(37.00)	(31.66)
Defined benefit obligation (discount rate - 100 basis points)	39.82	34.36
Defined benefit obligation (salary escalation rate + 100 basis points)	40.02	33.74
Defined benefit obligation (salary escalation rate - 100 basis points)	(38.49)	(32.19)

### Description of risk exposures

Valuations are based on certain assumptions, which are dynamic in nature and vary over time. As such Company is exposed to various risks as follow:

- i) Salary increases: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
- ii) Investment risk: The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate determined by reference to government bond yields. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit.
- iii) Discount rate: Reduction in discount rate in subsequent valuations can increase the plan's liability.
- iv) Mortality and disability: Actual deaths and disability cases proving lower or higher than assumed in the valuation can impact the liabilities.
- v) Withdrawals: Actual withdrawals proving higher or lower than assumed withdrawals and change of withdrawal rates at subsequent valuations can impact plan's liability.

Sensitivity in respect of expected return on plan assets, mortality and disability rates and withdrawal rates are immaterial.







Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 36: Related party disclosures

The list of related parties as identified by the Management is as under:

Relationship	Name of related parties
	Petunt Food Processors Private Limited
	Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2022)
Subsidiaries	Bikaji Maa Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited (w.e.f. June 24, 2022)
subsidiaries	Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)
	Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)
	Bikaji Mega Food Park Private Limited (w.e.f. August 10, 2023)
	Shiv Ratan Agarwal (Chairman and Whole time director)
	Deepak Agarwal (Managing Director)
	Shweta Agarwal (Whole time director)
	Siraj Azmat Chaudhary (Independent Director)
	Pulkit Anilkumar Bachhawat (Independent Director)
	Nikhil Kishorchandra Vora (Independent Director)
	Richa Manoj Goyal (Independent Director)
	Sunil Sethi (Independent Director) (w.e.f. November 06,2023)
(ey managerial personnel (KMP) including Non-Executive Director's	Vipul Prakash (Independent Director) (till July 07, 2023)
, , , , , , ,	Manoj Verma (Chief Operating Officer)
	Rishabh Jain (Chief Financial Officer)
	Shambhu Dayal Gupta (General Manager-Corporate affairs and Finance) (From
	November 16, 2021 to September 02, 2022)
	(President- Corporate affairs and Finance) (w.e.f September 03, 2022)
	Rahul Joshi (Head - Legal and Company Secretary) (w.e.f. December 08, 2022)
	Divya Navani (Company Secretary) (till December 07, 2022)
	Pawan Kumar Saraf
	Sushila Devi Agarwal
	Shiv Ratan Agarwal HUF
	Deepak Kumar Agarwal HUF
elatives of key managerial personnel	Manju Devi Saraf
	Ankit Khandelwal
	Priyanka Jain
	Indra Devi Gupta
	Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF
ntities under control of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)	Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited
nitities under control of key managerial reisonners (kwrs)	Mastkin Foods Private Limited
AND A SHOULD WIND A STATE OF THE PARTY OF TH	Woodbury Assortments Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)
ntities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)	Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)
	Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)
	Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited
stitios under central of relatives of Vey Hagagorial Personal": (VHPs)	Haldi Ram Products Private Limited
ntities under control of relatives of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)	Haldiram Snacks Private Limited
	Babaji Snacks Private Limited
	Haldiram Foods International Private Limited
ntities under significant influence of relatives of Key Managerial Personnel's	S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited
KMPs)	Oam Industries India Private Limited

## (a) Key managerial personnel compensation

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Short-term employee benefits *	1,498.63	1,298.86
Share based payment	40.58	68.43
Sitting Fees and Commission	56.67	61.25
Total compensation	1,595.88	1,428.54
* Excluding provision for Post-employment benefits as a separate actuarial valuation is not available		

## (b) Key managerial personnel's payable

As at	As at
March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
75.95	29.57
18.23	
94.18	29.57
	March 31, 2024 75.95 18.23





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 36: Related party disclosures

The list of related parties as identified by the Management is as under:

### (c) Transactions with related parties

The following trans	sactions occurred wi	th related parties	(Including GST, if any):
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Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Sale of Goods & Services	materiori, 2021	march 51, 2020
Subsidiary		
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited	652.88	772.49
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	670.39	635.90
Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)	389.83	2
Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	850.15	
Entities under control of KMPs		
Mastkin Foods Private Limited	129.70	128.59
Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited	6.10	6.61
Entities under control of relatives of KMPs		
Babaji Snacks Private Limited	4	49.10
Haldi Ram Products Private Limited	29.16	62.27
Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)		
Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)	20.98	-
Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)	1,225.24	141
Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs		
Oam Industries India Private Limited	12.62	4
Relatives of KMPs Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF	3,131.29	2,814.31
nembers of Fridaman Silv Dayac Hor	3,131,27	2,01-1.51
Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments		
Subsidiary		
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited	(5%) 1044	4.17
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	•	88.69
Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs		
5. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited	8.58	0 <b>.</b> €3
Purchase of Goods and Services		
Subsidiary		
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited	3,679.22	3,501.11
/indhyawasini Sales Private Limited	403.41	174.59
Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	1.13	1993
Entities under control of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)		
Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited	170.83	176.15
Entities under control of relatives of KMPs		
Haldiram Snacks Private Limited	132.47	468.67
Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited		0.67
Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)		
Woodbury Assortments Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)	13.83	? <b>÷</b> ?
ntelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)	13.47	
Table and a similiant influence of relatives of VADs		
Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  5. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited	2.24	3.05
Dam Industries India Private Limited	1.05	2.72
Haldiram Foods International Private Limited	1,786.51	1,505.64
Purchase of Property, Plant & Equipments Subsidiary		
Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited		6.92
Detunt Food Processors Private Limited	47.16	38.56
etunt rood riocessors rivate Limited	47.10	30.30
ntities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs	is Intern	
. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited	178.65	
Haldiram Foods International Private Limited	5.31	(2.5
	ZIBIKANER)	

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# Note 36: Related party disclosures

The list of related parties as identified by the Management is as under:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Dividend		
Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)	442.07	05.74
Shiv Ratan Agarwal	643.07	85.74
Shiv Ratan Agarwal (HUF)	459.02	61.20 3.62
Sushila Devi Agarwal	291.79	38.91
Deepak Agarwal Deepak Agarwal (HUF)	0.13	0.02
Shambhu dayal Gupta	0.00	0.02
Manoj Verma	0.09	·
Relative of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)		
Sushila Devi Agarwal	27.18	å <del>,</del>
Investments		
Key managerial personnel		
Deepak Agarwal		2.04
Investment in equity shares of Hanuman Agrofood Private Limited		3.01
Investment in equity shares of Bikaji Mega Food Park Private Limited	0.01	· ·
Shweta Agarwal	0.50	
Investment in equity shares of Bikaji Mega Food Park Private Limited	0.50	•
Subsidiary:		
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited		
Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited		76.69
Tivate Limited		70.09
Bikaji Maa Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited		
Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Maa		
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	•	0.51
Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)		
50,000 Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji	414 42	
Foods International USA Corp	416.43	(HE))
Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)		
9,608 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujialalji	490.01	
Private Limited	490.01	-
396 Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD) having Face Value INR 10 each	20.20	
Bhujialalji Private Limited	20.20	8.00
Compensation to Related Parties		
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel		
Pawan Kumar Saraf	1.05	6.00
Manju Devi Saraf	6.53	6.00
Ankit Khandelwal	16.48	10.13
Indra Devi Gupta		5.36
Legal and professional		
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel		
Priyanka Jain		2.50
Rent paid		
Key Managerial Personnel		
Shiv Ratan Agarwal	11.76	11.76
Deepak Agarwal	12.00	12.00
Sushila Devi Agarwal	(a)	15.00
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel		
Sushita Devi Agarwat	15.00	
Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by Related Party on behalf of the Company	15 Interna	
Key Managerial Personnel	8.09	9.08
	2.59	0.28
Independent Directors	BIKANER 0.50	•
Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel Independent Directors	3	
od Account		

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 36: Related party disclosures

The list of related parties as identified by the Management is as under:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Subsidiary	0.0001 120	
Bikaji Mega Food Park Private Limited (w.e.f.August 10, 2023)	131.47	20
Reimbursement of Expenses incurred by Company on behalf of the related party		
Subsidiary		
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited	6.32	3.00
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	31.83	4.73
Loan Given to Related Parties		
Subsidiary		62.8862-80.886-11
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	475.00	565.00
Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	23.06	*
Repayment of Loan Given to Related Parties		
Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	50.00	•
Interest Income		
Subsidiary		
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	117.88	78.74
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited	26.32	19.74
Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	0.29	*
(d) Outstanding balances arising from sales/ purchases of goods and services and other transactions		
The following balances are outstanding at the end of the reporting period in relation to transactions with		
related parties:		
Particulars	As at	As at
Accounts Payables:	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Entities under control of KMPs		
Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited	6.18	12.68
Entities under control of relatives of KMPs		
Haldiram Snacks Private Limited	•	1.73
Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs		
Haldiram Foods International Private Limited	74.34	119.55
Creditor for Capital Goods		
Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs	15.03	
S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited	15.03	
Investments:		
Subsidiary:		
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited  Optional Convertible Debentures (OCD) fair value through profit and loss of Petunt	1,707.07	1,707.07
Food Processors Private Limited	1,707.07	1,707.07
37,79,100 equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Petunt	118.00	118.00
Foods Processors Private Limited		
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited		
45,00,000 OCD 0.0% of INR 10 each in of Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	450.00	450.00
Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Vindhyawasini Sales	76.69	76.69
Private Limited	70.07	70.07
Cyrana &		
Bikaji Maa Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited		
5,100 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bikan Maa Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	0.51	0.51
Q BRANER &	0.51	5.51
110 11	// In	Last.
Contraction of the contraction o	ads III	100

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 36: Related party disclosures

The list of related parties as identified by the Management is as under:

5,100 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully peld up in Bilasji Mega Toods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023) 50,000 Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully pald up in Bilasji Ago Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully pald up in Bilasji Ago Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully pald up in Bilasji Ago Common Stock having face value of INR 10 each fully pald up in Bhujislasji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 5, 608 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully pald up in Bhujislasji Private Limited Ago Computerly Convertible Debentures (CCD) having Face Value INR 10 each Private Limited Ago Computerly Convertible Debentures (CCD) having Face Value INR 10 each Private Limited Ago Common Stock Subsidiary Ago Common Stock Indiana Stock Subsidiary Ago Common Stock Stock Subsidi	Particulars	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023
Flood Park Private Limited  Bibliagi Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)  3,0000 Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Foods International USA Corp  Bhujislaiji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  9,006 Equity share having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujislaiji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  9,006 Computority Convertible Debentures (CCD) having Face Value INR 10 each  90,200  Bhujislaiji Private Limited  30,200  Advances to Vendors:  Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited  712,94  30,75  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Subsidiary  Fetunt Food Processors Private Limited  2013,12  Accounts Receivables:  Subsidiary  Fetunt Food Processors Private Limited  2014,4  424,66  411,44  319,83  Bibaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)  309,83  Floods Engineering Private Limited  411,44  319,93  Bibaji Floods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)  Accounts Receivables:  Subsidiary  Members of Inadiram ann Usayai Hure  9,86  Entities under controi of KMPs  Markshir Foods Private Limited  10,99  A. R. Foods Engineering Private Limited  10,99  A. R. Foods Engineering Private Limited  20,03  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Months of Private Limited  20,03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Months of Thadiram Shir Dayal Hur  Relatives of KMPs  R	Bikaji Mega Food Park Private Limited (w.e.f. August 10, 2023)		
Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) 59,000 Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully paid-up in Bilaji Foods International USA Corp Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. July 10, 2023) Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. Goods Billaji Foods Billaji Foods International USA Corp (w. e.f. Goods Billaji Foods Billaji Foo	5,100 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Mega		
50,000 Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Foods International USA Corp Shufjalaji Frivate Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 9,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 9,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value in INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value in INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujjalaji 90,008 Equity shares having face value in INR 10 each fully paid-up in INR 10 each	Food Park Private Limited	0.51	*
9.0,000 Common Stock having face value of USD 10 each fully paid-up in Bikaji Todosi International USA Corp Shufjalaji Private Limited (w. e.f. July 19, 2023) 9.0,08 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujialaji Private Limited 490.01 - Private Limited 400.01 - Priva	Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)		
Bhughiality Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 9, 08.6 Equity share shaving face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhughiality Private Limited and Space value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhughiality Private Limited and Space Computation of CCD) having Face Value INR 10 each Bhughiality Private Limited and Space Computation of Space			
9,089 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujialalji Private Limited 20,20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	용경을 입어가면 하는 것이 하는 경험에 가는 경험을 열었다. 중요한 전에 하나 이번에 이번에 가게 되었다. 이번에 하나 이번에 가게 하는 것이 되어 가게 하는데 하나 이번에 가게 하는데 되었다.	416.43	
9,085 Equity shares having face value of INR 10 each fully paid-up in Bhujialalji Private Limited 20,20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	Bhuilalalii Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)		
Private Limited 49.0.01  20.20  Advances to Vendors: Subsidiary Subsidiary Entitles under significant influence of relatives of KMPs Relatives of KMPs Members of Inauram Sniv Dayat Hurf Entitled 29.86  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs Members of Inauram Sniv Dayat Hurf Entitled 29.86  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs  Remain First Entitles United 29.86  Entities under control of Relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of Relatives of KMPs  Sam Industries India Private Limited 9.86  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under significant influence of Relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Workstore Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Octobract Libalitities  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Workstore Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Octobract Libalitities  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Entit			
Bhujslaiji Private Limited 20.00  Advances to Vendors: Subsidiary Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 712.94 30.75  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 713.12  Accounts Receivables: Subsidiary Enter Food Processors Private Limited 291.84 424.66 Windhyawashin Sales Private Limited 611.44 329.83 Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023) 389.83 -  Relatives of KMPs Remineers of Inabaran Shiru Usyali HUP - 9.86 Entities under control of KMPs Mastikin Foods Private Limited 38.91 30.25 Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited 10.89 - 1 Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs Dam Industries India Private Limited 8.88 - 1 Entities under control of relatives of KMPs Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited 8.88 - 0 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited - 0.03 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - 0.03 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - 0.03 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - 0.03 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - 0.03 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - 0.03 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - 0.03 Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Workstove Foodovorks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - 0.03 Entities under signifi		490.01	×
Advances to Vendors;  Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 712.94 30.75 Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 712.94 20.184 Accounts Receivables; Subsidiary Subsidiary Setunt Food Processors Private Limited 7103.12 Accounts Receivables; Subsidiary Subsidiary Setunt Food Processors Private Limited 7103.12 Setup Subsidiary Subsidiary Setup Subsidiary Setup Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary Setup Subsidiary Subsidiar	396 Compulsorily Convertible Debentures (CCD) having Face Value INR 10 each	20.20	
Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 712.94 30.75 Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited - 103.12 Accounts Receivables: Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 291.84 424.66 Windhyawashi Sales Private Limited 611.44 329.83 Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f., July 10, 2023) 389.83 - 3 Relatives of KMPs Relatives of KMPs Rememers or I natural manual USA Corp (w.e.f., July 10, 2023) 389.83 - 3 Relatives of KMPs Relatives of KMPs Remembers or I natural manual USA Corp (w.e.f. Manual M	Bhujialalji Private Limited	20,20	¥
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 712.94 30.75  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited - 103.12  Accounts Receivables:  Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 291.84 42.66 Vindiyawasini Sales Private Limited 611.44 329.83 Bilaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023) 389.83 - 3  Relatives of KMPs  Members of Inadiram 5/11 Uayat HUP - 9,86  Entities under control of KMPs  Massikin Foods Private Limited 5. 38.91 30.25  Basant Whar Hotel Private Limited 6. 3. 38.91 30.25  Basant Whar Hotel Private Limited 6. 5. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 7 2  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Oam Industries India Private Limited 8.58 - 2  Entities under significant influence of KeMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited 8.58 - 2  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited 9. 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited 9. 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel 0.14 - 0.03  Entities under control of Expenses Pavable (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities Under Stepenses Pavable (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities Under Stepenses Pavable (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities Under Stepenses Pavable (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities Under Stepenses Pavable (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities Under Stepenses Pavable (w. e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 0.03  Entities Under Stepe	Advances to Vendors:		
Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited  Accounts Receivables: Substidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited  291.84 42.466 411.44 329.83 389.83 -3 389.	Subsidiary		
S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited - 103.12  Accounts Receivables: Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 291.84 424.66 Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited 611.44 329.83 Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023) 389.83 -  Relatives of KMPs Members of Inagaram anny Dayat HUP - 9.86 Entities under control of KMPs Maskini Foods Private Limited 38.91 30.25 Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs Oam Industries India Private Limited 10.89  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 8.58  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97  Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97  Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97  Contract Liabilities  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs	Petunt Food Processors Private Limited	712.94	30.75
S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited - 103.12  Accounts Receivables: Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 291.84 424.66 Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited 611.44 329.83 Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023) 389.83 -  Relatives of KMPs Members of Inagaram anny Dayat HUP - 9.86 Entities under control of KMPs Maskini Foods Private Limited 38.91 30.25 Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs Oam Industries India Private Limited 10.89  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 8.58  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97  Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97  Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97  Contract Liabilities  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Wembers of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs  Relatives of KMPs	Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs		
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Subsidiary Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 291.84 424.66 Windhyawashi Sales Private Limited 611.44 329.83 Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023) 389.83  Relatives of KMPs Members of Inagiram Shiv Dayai HUF - 9.86 Entities under control of KMPs Mastkin Foods Private Limited 38.91 30.25 Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited	Accounts Receivables:		
Petunt Food Processors Private Limited 291.84 424.66 Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited 611.44 329.83 Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023) 389.83 -  Relatives of KMPs	Subsidiary		
Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)  Relatives of KMPs Members of International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)  Relatives of KMPs Mastkin Foods Private Limited  Entities under control of KMPs Mastkin Foods Private Limited  Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Sam Industries India Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Footract Liabilities  Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF  Entities Under Significant Influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under control of Relatives of KMPs  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under control of Relatives of KMPs  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodw	Petunt Food Processors Private Limited	291.84	424.66
Relatives of KMPs Members of Inadiram Shiri Dayal HUF  Entities under control of KMPs Mastkin Foods Private Limited  Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs Oam Industries India Private Limited  5. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited  10.89  5. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited  8.58  -  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited  7. 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  7.97  - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  10.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  10.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Wokinstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  10.03	Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	611.44	329.83
Entities under control of KMPs  Mastkin Foods Private Limited Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs Oam Industries India Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of RMPs S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  7.97 Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Contract Liabilities Relatives of KMPs Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF  1.62  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel  0.14  - Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited 1,372.50 897.50 Shujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	Bikaji Foods International USA Corp (w.e.f. July 10, 2023)	389.83	×
Mastkin Foods Private Limited  Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited  Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs  Oam Industries India Private Limited  10.89  S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited  10.89  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited  5. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited  6. 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  7.97  Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Contract Liabilities  Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF  1.62  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable  Key Managerial Personnel  Loan Receivables  Subsidiary  Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  23.06  897.50  Bay1.50  Bay2.50  Bay2.50  Bay3.50  Bay3.50  Bay5.50	Relatives of KMPs members of Inagiram Sniv Dayal HUF		9.86
Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited	Entities under control of KMPs		
Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs Oam Industries India Private Limited S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 8.58 - Entities under control of relatives of KMPs Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 8- Relatives of KMPs Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62 - Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel 0.14 - Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 3.06 - 897.50 897.50	Mastkin Foods Private Limited	38.91	30.25
Oam Industries India Private Limited 10.89  5. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited 8.58  Entities under control of relatives of KMPs  Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 409.19  Contract Liabilities  Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable  Key Managerial Personnel 0.14  Loan Receivables  Subsidiary  Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 897.50  Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 23.06	Basant Vihar Hotel Private Limited	*	3
Entities under control of relatives of KMPs Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 409.19 -  Contract Liabilities Relatives of KMPs Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62 - Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel 0.14 - Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 897.50 Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 23.06 -	Entities under significant influence of relatives of KMPs		
Entities under control of relatives of KMPs Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs) Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 409.19 -  Contract Liabilities Relatives of KMPs Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62 - Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel 0.14 - Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 897.50 Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	Oam Industries India Private Limited	10.89	监
Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited - 0.03  Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7.97 - 1.  Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 409.19 - 0.  Contract Liabilities Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62 - Reimbursement of Expenses Payable  Key Managerial Personnel 0.14 - 0.  Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 897.50  Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	S. M. Foods Engineering Private Limited	8.58	
Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)  Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 7,97 - Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023) 409.19 -  Contract Liabilities Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF 1.62 - Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel 0.14 - Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 23.06 -	Entities under control of relatives of KMPs		
Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  7.97	Haldiram Ethnic Foods Private Limited	Ž.	0.03
Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Contract Liabilities Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel  Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  409.19	Entities under significant influence of Key Managerial Personnel's (KMPs)		
Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)  Contract Liabilities Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel  Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  409.19	Woknstove Foodworks Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)	7.97	5
Relatives of KMPs  Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF  1.62  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable  Key Managerial Personnel  Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  1.372.50 897.50 23.06	Intelligent Retail Private Limited (w.e.f. April 01, 2023)	409.19	23
Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable  Key Managerial Personnel  Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  1.62  0.14  - 1.72.50 897.50 897.50	Contract Liabilities		
Reimbursement of Expenses Payable  Key Managerial Personnel  Loan Receivables  Subsidiary  Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited  Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  Reimbursement of Expenses Payable  0.14	Relatives of KMPs		
Key Managerial Personnel 0.14 -  Loan Receivables Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited 1,372.50 897.50 Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 23.06 -	Members of Thadiram Shiv Dayal HUF	1.62	•
Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  1,372.50 897.50 23.06 -	Reimbursement of Expenses Payable Key Managerial Personnel	0.14	
Subsidiary Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)  1,372.50 897.50 23.06 -	Loan Receivables		
Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited 1,372.50 897.50 Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023) 23.06	Subsidiary		
Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)	Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited	1,372.50	897.50
Votes'-	Bhujialalji Private Limited (w.e.f. July 19, 2023)		<b>3</b> 5
	Notes:-		

(a) Outstanding balances at the year end are unsecured and all balances except investment in Optional Convertible Debentures are interest free. During all the reporting period, the Company has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties. This assessment is undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates.

(b) No amount has been provided as doubtful debts or advances/ written off or written back in the period in respect of debts due from/ to above related parties.

(c) Key managerial personnel has given personnel guarantees to lender for borrowings. (Refer note 20)

(d) All transactions with these related parties are at arm's length basis and are in ordinary course of business. (All the amounts of transactions and balanchis note are gross and undiscounted)

uter The Company has provided financial support guarantee to its subsidiary (namely Petunt Food Processors Private Limited & Vindhyawasini Sales meet its current obligation as and when required to continue the operation of such subsidiary company as going concern.

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 37: Contingent liabilities and commitments

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
(A) Contingent liabilities		
Sales tax (refer note a)	43.76	43.76
Stamp duty charges (refer note b)	67.27	62.93
Other legal matters (refer note c)	62.64	61.97
(B) Commitment		
(i) Capital commitment		
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for (net of advances)	4,327.38	6,462.32
(i) Other commitment		
The Company has imported capital goods under the Export Promotion Capital Goods Scheme (EPCG) of the Government of India, at concessional rates of duty on an undertaking to fulfil quantified exports	*1	363.92

(a) (i) The Company moved the judicature High Court of Jodhpur challenging the jurisdiction of Assistant Commissioner Commercial Taxes, Anti Evasion, Bikaner and Jaipur who had issued the notice for the levy of RVAT/ CST at the rate of 12.50% on the sale of branded Namkeen as against 4% charged by the Company under sale of 'Unbranded Namkeen'. The High Court granted stay on the notice relating to financial year 2006-07, 2007-08 and 2008-09. Further, the amnesty scheme under the RVAT providing for waiver of interest and penalty has been notified wide notification no. F. 12(29) FD/Tax/2021-269 dated February 02, 2021 and Company has filled application under RVAT for waiver of remaining interest liability which has been approved by the government. Based on the management assessment, there is a possibility that the case may be decided in favor of the Company.

(a) (ii) The Company had sold goods (Namkeen) to M/s Matri Stores, Assam at concessional rate of tax against Form-C amounting to INR 296.38 lakhs during the year 2011-12. CTO had made a observation vide order dated September 11, 2012 and amended order dated October 25, 2012 that Form C was not issued by authorised officer, therefore the impugned sale was not eligible for concessional rate of tax and issued demand of INR 91.33 lakhs including interest and penalty. The Company then preferred an appeal before the appellate authority, CTO, Bikaner. Appellate authority sustained the demand of tax and interest but deleted the penalty of INR 47.57 lakhs. Being aggrieved and dissatisfied by the order Company again preferred an appeal before Rajasthan Tax Board, Ajmer. The Board rejected the tax and interest demand also on the basis that Form C issued was not bogus and false. Commercial tax officer, Jaipur has filed a Revision petition before High Court on September 05, 2018. During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company has received the protest amount of INR 22.00 lakhs deposited against this case. Based on the management assessment, there is a possibility that the case may be decided in favor of the Company.

(b) There was an agreement for purchase of industrial plot E-578, E-579, F-580 to F-584 at Karni industrial area, Bikaner executed on the non-judicial stamp paper of INR 100/- and duly notarised by a notary public. It was contended by the stamping authorities that the aforesaid document was required to be registered with sub-registrar, Bikaner. Subsequently stamping authorities issued a notice demanding of INR 36.22 lakhs on January 09, 2017 on Company. The High Court of Jodhpur stayed the aforesaid order dated March 22, 2017 by holding the agreement pertaining to the purchase of industrial plots at Karni Industrial Area as a contingent agreement. The aforesaid plots were eventually vested with Hanuman Agrofood Private Limited. Based on the management assessment, there is a possibility that the case may be decided in favor of the Company.

(c) Represents the best possible estimate by the Management, basis available information, about the outcome of various claims against the Company by different parties under Consumer Protection Act and Food Safety and Standard Act. As the possible outflow of resources is dependent upon outcome of various legal processes. Based on the management assessment, there is a possibility that the case may be decided in favor of the Company.

### Others

(a) In financial year 2021-22, The Company has given a corporate guarantee amounting to INR 1,900 lakks in favor of HDFC Bank Limited "lender" on behalf of Vindhyawasini Sales Private Limited towards term loan given by lender for purchasing the tangible assets. The Company is in process of revocation of said Corporate guarantee in the near future subject to fulfilment of terms & conditions of lender.

(b) The Company has been sanctioned a Production Linked Incentive amounting to INR 26,138.90 lakhs during the financial year 2021-22 by Ministry of Food Processing Industries (MOFPI) vide approval letter dated December 3, 2021. Under Production Linked Incentive, the Company is to make investment of INR 43,873.84 lakhs in eligible capital assets upto March 31, 2023 directly and through Contract Manufacturing units and Subsidiaries and balance of INR 1,297.00 lakhs to be incurred in branding and marketing expenditure. Earlier time limit for completion of committed investment was FY 2022-23 however through letter number IFCI/CASD/MOFPI/PLISFPI/220331055 clarification made by MOFPI the selected Applicant is advised to ensure that committed investment which is mostly completed in FY 2021-22 and 2022-23 and only spill over investment, which is a part of contract/tender already firmed up before FY 2022-23 end, if any, may be undertaken in FY 2023-24.

During the financial year 2023-24, the Company has fulfilled the above condition and also met defined incremental sales thresholds for the eligible products for the financial year 2021-22, 2022-23 and 2023-24. Accordingly, the Company has recognised Production Linked Incentive of INR 9,305 lakhs (net) under other operating income during the year ended March 31, 2024.

### Note 38: Segment reporting

The Company primarily operates in the food product segment. The board of directors of the Company, which has been identified as being the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), evaluates the Company's performance, allocate resources based on the analysis of the various performance indicators of the Company as a single unit. Therefore, there is no reportable segment for the Company as per the requirement of Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments".

Geographical locations: The geographical segments have been considered for disclosure as the secondary segment, under which the domestic segment includes sales to customers located in India and overseas segment includes sales to customer located outside India.

The following information discloses revenue from external customers based on geographical areas:-

### a. Revenue from external customers

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
India	2,22,395.82	1,88,598.71
Outside India	7,075.14	5,840.08
Total	2,29,470.96	1,94,438.79

b. Segment revenue with major customers

The Company has two customer during the year ended March 31, 2024 accounting for more than 10% of its revenue from operations. During the year 24.98% (March 31, 2023 27.55%) of the Company's revenue from operation was generated from these customers.





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakks, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 39: Leases

The Company has taken land, shops, flats and godowns on leases. These lease arrangements range for a period between 11 months to 10 years except for land where lease period is upto 99 years, which include both cancellable and non-cancellable leases. Most of the leases are renewable for further period on mutually agreeable terms. Information about the leases for which the Company is a lessee is presented below:-

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	4,918.34	2,637.45
Additions through Business combination	(4)	1,445.13
As at April 01, 2022	· ·	4,082.58
Addition	2,883.78	1,259.88
Modification (net)	86.28	120
Deletion	5 <del>4</del>	(18.67)
Amortisation	(1,053.96)	(405.45)
Closing balance	6,834.44	4,918.34
(ii) Lease liabilities		
Set out below are the carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movement during the year:-		
Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	2,601.13	1,851.58
Addition	2,883.78	1,259.88
Modification (net)	86.28	
Deletion	74	(18.67)
Accretion of interest	315.45	152.29
Payments	(1,116.84)	(642.14)
Gain on lease modification (refer note 28)	(5.31)	(1.81)
Closing balance	4,764.49	2,601.13
Classification of lease liabilities		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Current	1,416.11	773.39
Non-current	3,348.38	1,827.74
Total	4,764.49	2,601.13

Below are the amounts recognised by the Company in statem	nent of profit and loss
9	

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest expense on lease liabilities	315.45	152.29
Depreciation expense for right-of-use assets	1,053.96	405.45
Expense relating to short term leases	251.06	155.13
Interest on lease liabilities capitalised	(54.28)	(10.86)
Amortisation of right-of-use assets capitalised	(66.29)	(33.98)
Gain on lease modification (refer note 28)	(5.31)	(1.81)
Total	1,494.59	666.22

Below are the amounts recognised by the Company in statement of Standalone Statement of Cash Flow:

Particulars	Year ended	Year ended
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Total cash outflow for leases	1,116.84	642.14

Commitments for minimum lease payments in relation to non-cancellable operating leases are payable as follows:

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2024	Year ended March 31, 2023
Not later than 1 year	1,712.25	524.40
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	3,080.97	1,581.48
More than 5 years	866.14	602.89

### Extension options:

Lease contain extension options exercisable by the Company before the end of the non-cancellable contract period. Where practicable, the Company seeks to include extension options in new leases to provide operational flexibility. The extension options held are exercisable only on mutual agreement. The Company assesses at lease commencement whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. The Company reassess whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant change in circumstances within its control.

### Discount rate:

The Company has applied the weighted average incremental approach to determine the incremental borrowing rate as applicable at the time of execution of the lease agreement.







Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Note 40: Fair values

The management of the Company assessed that carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other bank balances, loans with short term maturity, other current financial assets, borrowings, trade payable, lease liabilities and other current financial liabilities approximates their fair value amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments. Further, in case of bank deposits with maturity of more than twelve months from reporting date, fair value and carrying values are not expected to vary significantity as there has been minimal interest rate changes since these deposits were created with banks. Majority of security deposits classified as non current financial assets are for perpetuity and shall be refundable on surrendering of electricity connection only, which is highly unlikely and hence fair value of the same cannot be determined in absence of definite period of such deposits. Comparison of the carrying value and fair value of the Company's financial

Fair value instruments by category

	Carrying va	alue	Fair value	
Particulars	As at	As at	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Financial assets carried at amortised cost				
Security deposits	854.95	704.28	854.95	704.28
Loans	8,321.95	4,505.01	8,321.95	4,505.01
Trade receivables	11,046.99	8,528.96	11,046.99	8,528.96
Cash and cash equivalents	672.11	1,663.70	672.11	1,663.70
Fixed deposit and margin money	24,565.03	20,032.58	24,565.03	20,032.58
Other financial assets	646.53	503.33	646.53	503.33
Financial assets measured at fair value				
investment in Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)	827.00	885.00	827.00	885.00
nvestment in Subsidiaries in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)	20.20		20.20	20
nvestment in Subsidiaries in optionally convertible debentures (OCD)	1,813.07	1,835.81	1,813.07	1,835.81
nvestment in Mutual-fund fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)	1,221.33	110.21	1,221.33	110.21
nvestment in equity instrument fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
nvestment in Optional Convertible Debentures (OCD) fair value through profit and loss (FYTPL) fully paid up)	1,080.39	1,034.45	1,080.39	1,034.45
Total of financial assets	51,074.55	39,808.33	51,074.55	39,808.33
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost				
Borrowings				
- Short term	8,116.85	8,623.72	8,116.85	8,623.72
- Long term	998.14	2,635.83	998.14	2,635.83
Lease liabilities	4,764.49	2,601.13	4,764.49	2,601.13
Trade payables	4,954.84	5,074.09	4,954.84	5,074.09
Trade deposits from customers	150.97	154.26	150.97	154.26
Other current financial liabilities	1,542.51	1,468.43	1,542.51	1,468.43
Total financial liabilities	20,527.80	20,557.46	20,527.80	20,557.46

### Note 41: Fair values hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three Levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

- Level 1: Hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Hierarchy includes the fair value of financial instruments measured using quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.
- . Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for financial assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2024:-

Particulars	Fair value measurement using			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets carried at amortised cost				
Security deposits			854.95	
Loans	2		8,321.95	
Trade receivables	**	100	11,046.99	
Cash and cash equivalents	14		672.11	
Fixed deposit and margin money	28		24,565.03	
Other financial assets		(*)	646.53	
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) #		827.00		
Investment in Subsidiaries in compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD)			20.20	
Investment in Subsidiaries in optionally convertible debentures (OCD)		18	1,813.07	
Investment in Mutual-fund fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)	1,221.33			
Investment in equity instrument fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)	-		5.00	
Investment in Optional Convertible Debentures (OCD) fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) (fully paid up)			1,080.39	
Total of financial assets	1,221.33	827.00	49,026.22	
Particulars	Fair value	Fair value measurement using		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost				
Borrowings				
- Short term	*	*	8,116.85	
- Long term	10.58	*	998.14	
Lease liabilities			4,764.49	
Trade payables		9	4,954.84	
Trade deposits from customers			150.97	
Other current financial liabilities	(2.43)		1,542.51	
Total financial liabilities			20,527.80	
Quantitative disclosures fair value measurement hierarchy for financial assets and liabilities as at March 31, 2023:				
Particulars				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial assets carried at amortised cost				
Security deposits		1.5	704.28	
Long	100	1028	4 505 01	

4.505.01 Loans 8,528.96 Trade receivables Cash and cash equivalents 1.663.70 20,032.58 Fixed deposit and margin money 503.33 Other financial assets Financial assets measured at fair value Investment in Compulsorily Convertible Preference Shares (CCPS) fair value through profit and loss (FVTPI) # 885.00 1,835.81

Investment in Subsidiaries in optionally convertible debentures (OCD)
Investment in Mutual-Fund fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)

ent in equity instrument fair value through profit and loss (FYTPL)

orily Convertible Preference Shares which are not held for trading, and for which

ther than profit or loss as these are strategic investments and the Company consid

nest per in Optional Convertible Debentures (OCD) fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) (fully paid up surana & Total of thuncial assets

ction at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair v

885.00

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5.00

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024

(All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Fair value	measurement using		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost				
Borrowings				
- Short term	-	¥.	8,623.72	
- Long term			2,635.83	
Lease liabilities			2,601.13	
Trade payables	•		5,074.09	
Trade deposits from customers	(a)	1.0	154.26	
Other current financial liabilities			1,468.43	
Total financial liabilities			20,557.46	
Assets for which fair values are disclosed as at March 31, 2024 (refer note 5):				
Particulars	Fair value	Fair value measurement using		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
	•	+	3,142,64	
Investment properties			3,142.64	

Particulars	Fair value	Fair value measurement using		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Investment properties	+		2,624.89	
Total		•3	2,624.89	

### Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy as at March 31, 2024

Quantitative inclosures of rair value measurement interacting as at march 31, 2024.
The Company has CCPS, mutual funds, unquoted equity shares and OCD fair valued at year ends.

Mutual funds are valued using the closing NAV as per market rates and accordingly designated as Level 1 valued instruments. CCPS and OCD have been valued using unobservable inputs and are designated as Level 3 valued instruments. Unquoted equity shares and convertible notes are not fair valued at year ends as the Management expect any fair value adjustments in value of these instruments to be immaterial to the Standalone financial statements and accordingly disclosed their cost as fair value.

There have been no transfers between level 1, level 2 and level 3 for the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

The following table shows a breakdown of the total gain / (loss) recognised in respect of Level 3 fair values:

Particulars		As at	As at
	Mar	ch 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Gain included in 'other income'			
Change in fair value - realised		6.25	625
Change in fair value - unrealised		4.86	66.75
	(A)	11.11	66.75
Loss included in 'other expenses'	W0000	X11//X1	
Change in fair value - realised			
Change in fair value - unrealised		34.79	•
X TO THE RESERVE TO T	(B)	34.79	
Gain included in 'other comprehensive income'			
Change in fair value - realised		7.4	46
Change in fair value - unrealised		-	
	(C)		
Loss included in 'other comprehensive income'	300°C		
Change in fair value - realised			
Change in fair value - unrealised			
	(D)		
Total fair valuation loss	(A)+(B)+(C)+(D)	(23.68)	66.75

The Company uses the Discounted Cash Flow valuation technique which involves determination of present value of expected receipt/ payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates prevailing in market. Further, in instruments containing options (to purchase or redeem for realisation), the fair values of derivatives are estimated by using pricing models, wherein the inputs to those models are based on unobservable market parameters. The valuation models used by the Company reflect the contractual terms of the derivatives (including the period to maturity), and market-based parameters such as interest rates, volatility etc.

These models do contain a high level of subjectivity as the valuation techniques used require significant judgement and inputs thereto are unobservable.

Туре	Valuation technique*	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between key unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Optionally Convertible Debentures (OCD)	Discounted cash flows and option pricing model. The valuation model considers the present value of the net cash flows expected to be generated by the Company. The cash flow projections include specific estimates for 5 years. The expected net cash flows are discounted using a risk adjusted discount rate. Terminal value (earnings post 6th years till perpetuity) has been arrived using the Gordon Growth method. Computation of Option value of OCD as per Black-Scholes-Merton model.	Model: -Free cash flows: projected cash flows Risk adjusted market interest rate: 9.00% (March 31, 2023 9.00%).	flows increases the valuation on option, and vice versa. An increase in risk free rate increases the

Sensitivity analysis of significant unobservable input used for Level 3 measurements:

Sensitivity to fair value as at March 31, 2024:				
Particulars	Increase %	Decrease %	Increase amount	Decrease amount
Free cash flows	+0.5%	-0.5%	21.50	(22.50
Volatility of stock	0%	0%	0.00	0.00
Sensitivity to fair value as at March 31, 2023:				
Particulars	Increase %	Decrease %	Increase amount	Decrease amount
Free cash flows	+0.5%	-0.5%	15.88	(16.19
Volatility of stock	a 8º Co	-2%	6.80	(0.70





Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 42: Financial risk management

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, lease liabilities, trade payables, trade deposits from customers and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, trade and other receivables, and cash and term deposits that derive directly from its operations. The Company also hold investments measured at cost, fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL) and fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI).

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. The Company's board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the standalone financial statements.

### (A) Market risk analysis

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans, borrowings, term deposits, and investments.

### (i) Foreign currency risk

The Company has limited international transactions and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from its operating activities (revenue and purchases denominated in foreign currency is low). Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the company's functional currency. To mitigate the Company's exposure to foreign currency risk, non-INR cash flows are monitored in accordance with the Company's risk management policies.

Foreign currency risk exposure:

Toreign currency risk exposure.		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Financial assets		
Trade receivables		
- USD	13.84	9.76
Total	13.84	9.76
Foreign currency risk exposure:		
Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Financial liabilities		
Trade payables		
- USD	0.59	
Total	0.59	4

### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in USD exchange rates, with all other variables held constant. The impact on the Company's profit before tax is due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities.

Particulars	Increase/decrease in %	Effect on profi	Effect on profit or loss	
		As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2023	
Trade Receivables (INR)	2.00	23.07	16.04	
	2.00	(23.07)	(16.04)	
Trade Payables (INR)	2.00	0.99	2.7	
	2.00	(0.99)		

### (ii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

### Interest rate exposure

The Company's variable rate borrowing is subject to interest rate. Below is the overall exposure of the borrowing:-

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Variable rate borrowings	9,096.24	11,216.01
Fixed rate borrowings		
Total borrowings	9,096.24	11,216.01

### Interest rate sensitivity analysis

Profit or loss and equity is sensitive to higher/lower interest expense from borrowings as a result of changes in interest rates.

Particulars		As at	As at
		March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Interest rates increase by 0.5%	S eugh	45.48	56.08
Interest rates decrease by 0.5%	(30)	(45.48)	(56.08)







Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty fails to discharge its obligation to the Company. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, loans and other financial assets measured at amortised cost. The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls.

### (i) Trade receivable

Customer credit risk is managed by the Company subject to the Company's established receivable management policy. The policy details how credit will be managed, past due balances collected, allowances and reserves recorded and bad debt written off. Credit terms are the established timeframe in which customers pay for purchased product. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by the Management.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting period on consolidated basis for similar category of customer. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying value of each class of financial assets.

The Company evaluates the concentration of risk with respect to trade receivables as low, as its customers are located in several jurisdictions and operate in largely independent markets.

Movement in expected credit loss on trade receivables during the year:

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Opening balance	208.84	138.67
Add: Additions	en e	70.17
Less: Utilisation	(80.13)	
Less: Reversal	(22.31)	•
Closing balance	106.40	208.84

### (ii) Financial instruments and cash deposits

Credit risk from balances with banks and financial institutions is managed by the Company's treasury department in accordance with the Company's policy. Investments of surplus funds are made only with approved counterparties with high credit ratings except in case of strategic investments in few entities. Investments in other than bank deposits are strategic long term investments which are done in accordance with approval from board of directors.

### (C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible, that it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when they are due. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates.

### (a) Maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities;

Particulars		As at March 31, 2024		
	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 year	Total
Non-derivative;				
Borrowings including interest accrued	8,116.85	998.14		9,114.99
Lease liabilities	1,712.25	3,080.97	866.14	5,659.36
Trade payables	4,954.84	4.	•	4.954.84
Trade deposits from customers	150.97	S2 1	2	150.97
Other current financial liabilities	1,542.51		•	1,542.51
Total	16,477.42	4,079.11	866.14	21,422.67

Particulars		As at March 31, 2023			
	Less than 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 year	Total	
Non-derivative:					
Borrowings including interest accrued	8,623.72	2,635.83	•	11,259.55	
Lease liabilities	524.40	1,581.48	602.89	2,708.77	
Trade payables	5,074.09	Characteristics	00000000000	5,074.09	
Trade deposits from customers	154.26		*	154.26	
Other current financial liabilities	1,468.43			1,468.43	
Total	15,844.90	4,217.31	602.89	20,665.10	

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 43: Capital management policies and procedures

### (a) Risk management

Our principal source of liquidity are cash and bank balances (net of borrowings from banks) and cash flow that we generate from operations.

The Company's policy is to maintain a stable and strong capital structure with a focus on total equity so as to maintain investors, creditors and market confidence and to sustain future development and growth of its business. In order to maintain the capital structure, the Company monitors the return on capital, as well as the level of dividends to equity shareholders. The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimize returns to all its shareholders. For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued capital and all other equity reserves and debt includes non-current borrowings, current borrowings and certain components of other financial liabilities less Cash in hand and with banks in current account or in deposit accounts.

The Company monitors capital based on the following gearing ratio:-

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Equity	2,503.82	2,495.10
Other Equity	1,20,049.87	93,383.27
Total equity (i)	1,22,553.69	95,878.37
Total borrowings	9,096.24	11,216.01
Less: Cash and bank balances (including deposits with banks)	25,237.14	21,696.28
Total debt (ii)	(16,140.90)	(10,480.27)
Overall financing (iii)= (i)+(ii)	1,06,412.79	85,398.10
Gearing ratio (ii)/(iii)	(15.17%)	(12.27%)

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the year ended March 31, 2024 and March 31, 2023.

### (b) Dividend distribution

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023
Dividend paid INR 0.75 per share (March 31, 2023: INR 0.10 per share)	1,871.36	249.50

The dividend declared by the Company is based on profits available for distribution as reported in the financial statements of the Company. On May 23, 2024 the Board of Directors of the Company has recommended dividend of INR 1.00 per share of face value of INR 1 each in respect of the year ended March 31, 2024. The dividend would result in a cash outflow of INR 2,503.82 lakhs.

### Note 44: Impairment of Solar Plant

The Company has solar energy generation plants located at Kolayat and Gajner, Rajasthan. These plants were setup in 2013 and 2014, respectively. Various solar plant owner has jointly filed a Writ Petition against Department of Energy (Rajasthan), Rajasthan Electricity Regulatory Commission, Jodhpur Vidyut Vitran Nigam Limited and Rajasthan Urja Vikas Nigam Limited, for dispute related to power purchase agreement ("PPA"). In the absence of certainty of realisability of revenue from electricity distribution company, the Company has not recognised revenue from solar plants. Further, the dispute on PPA has led the Company to assess the recoverability / carrying value of the solar plants in its books. Management, based on the assessment of projected cash generation, life of asset, progress of said court case and further contractual terms of PPA has recognised impairment of INR 100.67 lakhs (March 31, 2023 INR 431.99 lakhs) in the net carrying value of such asset as on March 31, 2024 and management believes that the recoverable value of such asset exceed the net carrying value as on reporting date, therefore, no further impairment is required in the books of account.

During the year, the Company has received letter from Jodhpur Vidyut Vitran Nigam Limited dated January 15, 2024 no. jdvvnl/ACE(HQ)/SE(RA&C)SEC. -OA/F.2023-24/D 264 regarding the approval of the technical feasibility for evacuation of power from proposed 1 MW solar project for captive consumption. Therefore Company has reversed the impairment provision of INR 194.04 lakks during the financial year and disclosed the same under the other income.

### Note 45: Social Security Code

The Code on Social Security 2020 ('the Code') relating to employee benefits, during the employment and post employment, has received Presidential assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued. The Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the the Standalone Financial Statements in the year in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

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Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 46: Employee Stock Options Plan (ESOP)

The Shareholders of the company vide its special resolution dated October 22, 2021 in extraordinary general meeting (EGM) approved Bikaji ESOP-I 2021 & Bikaji ESOP-II 2021 (The Plan") for granting the plan in form of equity shares of maximum 50 lakhs stock options and linked to the completion of a minimum period of continued employment to the eligible employees of the Company, which is being monitored and supervised by the nomination and remuneration committee of the Board of Directors from time to time subject to the term & conditions specified in the plan & employee stock option agreement/grant letter. The employees can purchase equity shares by exercising the options as vested at the price specified in the grant. The stock option granted vest over a period of 1 year/ 2 years/ 3 years, as the case may be, from the date of grant in proportions specified in the respective ESOP Plans & such stock options may be exercised by the employee after vesting period within 7 years from the date of Vest.

Information in respect to employee stock option granted up to March 31, 2024 under the plan are as follows:-

Financial year	Date of grant	Numbers of options granted		Exercise year	Exercise price per share (INR)
2021-22	January 7, 2022	5,63,667	One year from the date of grant	7 years from the date of vesting year	165
2021-22	January 7, 2022	2,81,833	Two years from the date of grant	7 years from the date of vesting year	165
2021-22	January 7, 2022	2,05,050	One year from the date of grant	7 years from the date of vesting year	1
2023-24	December 13, 2023		One year from the date of grant	7 years from the date of vesting year	450
2023-24	December 13, 2023		One year from the date of grant	7 years from the date of vesting year	450
2023-24	December 13, 2023		Two year from the date of grant	7 years from the date of vesting year	450
2023-24	December 13, 2023	1,77,900	Three year from the date of grant	7 years from the date of vesting year	450

### (i) Movement in employee stock option during the year ended March 31, 2024:

Particulars	BIKAJI ES	OP-I 2021	BIKAJI ESC	P-II 2021
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price per share (INR)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price per share (INR)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	7,95,240	165	1,55,500	1
Granted during the year	6,18,000	450		
Forfeited / lapsed during the year	21,955	165 & 450	-	•
Exercised during the year *	7,72,500	165	99,800	1
Outstanding at the end of the year	6,18,785	450	55,700	1
Vested and exercisable option at the end of the year	5,585	165	55,700	1

<sup>\*</sup> The weighted average share price at the date of exercise of options exercised during the year ended March 31, 2024 was INR 479.42 (March 31, 2023 NIL)

### (ii) Fair value on grant date: January 07, 2022

The fair value at grant date is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation method which takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the average dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option. The significant assumptions used to ascertain fair value of each option in accordance with Black scholes model.

Particular	Year ended March 31, 2024	
	BIKAJI ESOP-I 2021	BIKAJI ESOP-II 2021
Weighted average fair value of the options at the grant dates (INR)	115.68	210.42
Dividend yield (%)	0.91	0.91
Risk free interest rate (%)	5.78-6.08	5.78
Expected life of share options (years)	4.51-5.51	4.51
Expected volatility (%)	45.81-46.57	45.81
Weighted average share price (INR)	220.04	220.04
Weighted average remaining contractual life (days)	1,743.00-2,017.00	1,743.00
Exercise price (INR)	165.00	1.00

### (iii) Fair value on grant date: December 13, 2023

The fair value at grant date is determined using the Black-Scholes valuation method which takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the average dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option. The significant assumptions used to ascertain fair value of each option in accordance with Black scholes model.

Particular		Year ended March 31, 2024 BIKAJI ESOP-I 2021	
Weighted average fair value of the options at the grant dates (INR	3)	235.26-245.83	
Dividend yield (%)	100 a Co	0.13	
Risk free interest rate (%)	10	6.89-6.92	
Expected life of share options (years)	1100	4.00-5.00	
Expected volatility (%)	12 M3100	35.00	AS INCE
Weighted average share price (INR)	The second second	533.25	
Weighted average remaining contractual life (days)	Molorti Isi	2,445.00-3,540.00	4. (1)
Exercise price (INR)	18	450.00	BIKAN
Extraction price (IIII)	1 Second	430.00	DIN

Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(i) Movement in employee stock option during the year ended March 31, 2023:

Particulars	BIKAJI ES	OP-I 2021	BIKAJI ESC	P-II 2021
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price per share (INR)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price per share (INR)
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	8,35,000	165	1,80,950	1
Granted during the year				
Forfeited / lapsed during the year	39,760	165	25,450	1
Exercised during the year				
Outstanding at the end of the year	7,95,240	165	1,55,500	1
Vested and exercisable option at the end of the year	5,33,810	165	1,55,500	1

### (ii) Fair value on grant date: January 07, 2022

The fair value at grant date is determined using the Black- Scholes valuation method which takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, the average dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option. The significant assumptions used to ascertain fair value of each option in accordance with Black Scholes model.

Particular	Year ended March 31, 2023	
	BIKAJI ESOP-I 2021	BIKAJI-ESOP-II 2021
Weighted average fair value of the options at the grant dates (INR)	115.68	210.42
Dividend yield (%)	0.91	0.91
Risk free interest rate (%)	5.78-6.08	5.78
Expected life of share options (years)	4.51-5.51	4.51
Expected volatility (%)	45.81-46.57	45.81
Weighted average share price (INR)	220.04	220.04
Weighted average remaining contractual life (days)	2,108.00-2,473.00	2,108.00
Exercise price (INR)	165.00	1.00

The Risk free interest rate being considered for the calculation is the interest rate applicable for the maturity equal to expected life of the stock option based on the zero coupon yield curve for the clearing corporation of India limited. The dividend yield for the year ended is derived by dividing the dividend for the year ended with the current market price.

(iii) During the year ended March 31, 2024, the Company recorded an employee stock compensation expense of INR 374.91 lakhs (March 31, 2023: INR 850.93 lakhs) in the Statement of Profit and Loss and the balance in share options outstanding account as at March 31, 2024 is INR 384.68 lakhs (March 31, 2023: INR 1,118.71 lakhs).

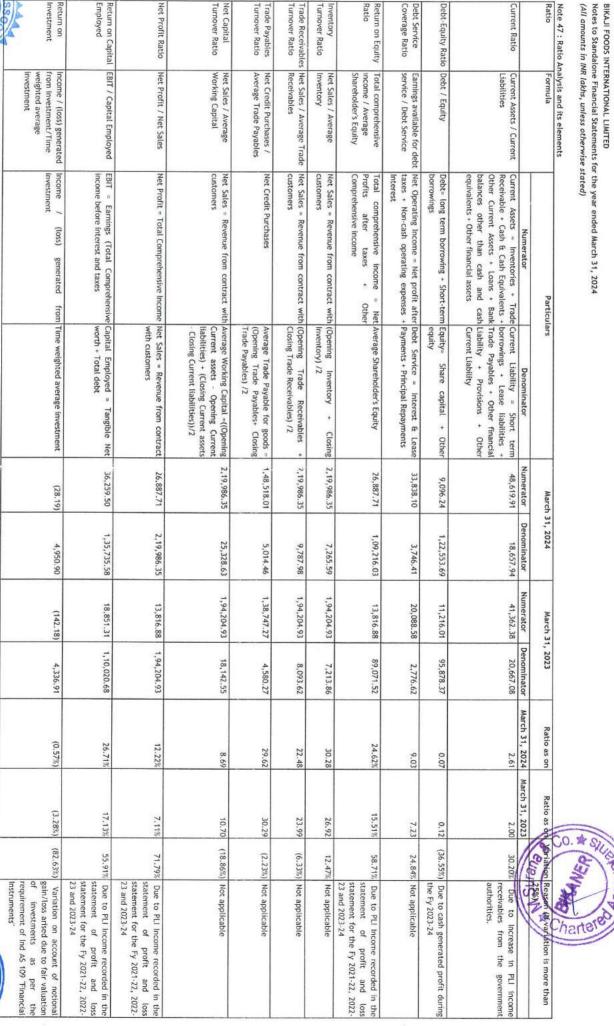
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\* MSA Employed Net Profit Ratio Ratio Note 47 : Ratio Analysis and its elements
Ratio Formula Investment Return on Return on Capital Turnover Ratio Return on Equity Debt-Equity Ratio (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated) Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 BIKAJI FOODS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED Net Capital Turnover Ratio Turnover Ratio Coverage Ratio Current Ratio Trade Payables Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio Debt Service rventory ES\* EBIT / Capital Employed Debt / Equity Net Profit / Net Sales Average Trade Payables Receivables Net Sales / Average Trade Total comprehensive weighted average from investment/Time Income / (loss) generated Working Capital Net Sales / Average Net Credit Purchases / Inventory Shareholder's Equity service / Debt Service Liabilities Current Assets / Current investment Net Sales / Average income / Average Earnings available for debt Income / investment customers Interest customers



1Accountable



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Note 48

The Board of Directors of the Company, at its meeting held on January 25, 2023, had considered, and approved the merger of Hamuman Agrofood Private Limited ("HAPL" or "Transferor Company") into Bikaji Foods International Limited ("BFIL" or "Transferoe Company) by way of a composite scheme of amalgamation between the Company and the Transferor Company ("the Scheme"). The Jaipur Bench of the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal ("NCLT"), through its order dated January 05, 2024 has approved the Scheme with the appointed date of the merger being April 01, 2022.

As per guidance on accounting for common control transactions contained in Ind AS 103 "Business Combinations" the merger has been accounted for using the pooling of interest method. However, the accounting treatment pursuant to the Scheme has not been given effect to from the date as required under Ind AS 103 - Business Combinations, which is the date of control establishment i.e. November 24, 2022. Accordingly, the figures for the respective comparative periods and year have been restated to give effect to the aforesaid merger with effect from the April 01, 2022 as per the requirement of general circular no. 09/2019 dated August 21, 2019 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the assets and liabilities of the transferor Company has been transferred thereon resulting to recognition of the differential amount in other equity in the books of accounts of the Company.

### Accounting treatment

(A) Accord

The Company has followed the accounting treatment prescribed in the said approved scheme of merger, as follows:-

- i) The entries issued, subscribed and paid up share capital of the HAPL is held by the BFIL. Accordingly, upon the coming into effect of the scheme, no. shares of BFIL shall be allotted in lieu or in exchange of the holding in the HAPL.
- ii) As per the terms of the scheme the investments held by BFIL in HAPL shall get cancelled.
- iii) As per the terms of scheme the transactions has been accounted for in accordance with the Appendix C to Ind AS 103 "Common Control Business Combination", which requires retrospective accounting of the merger from the date common control was established. Accordingly financial information as on April 01, 2023, being the earliest period presented in the annual standalone financial statements of the Company, and all period thereafter, were restated to give effect of the merger.

Accordingly the Company has recorded all the assets and liabilities of HAPL at there respective carrying value as at April 01, 2022, the details of which are as follows:-

	(A) Assets
9,	Capital work in progress
1,	Right of use - assets
	Inventories
	Cash and cash equivalents
	Other non-current assets
	Other non-current financial assets
	Income tax assets
i i	Other current assets
12,1	Total Assets (A)
	(B) Liabilities
	Trade payables
1,1	Other financial liabilities
	Other current liabilities
	Deferred tax liability
1,1	Provision
2,6	Total Liabilities (B)
9,5	Net Identifiable Assets (A - B)
	Calculation of merger reserve
10,:	Purchase Consideration
(9,5	Less:- Net identifiable assets
	Add:- Non controlling interest
8	Amount to be Adjusted in Other Equity

Note 49: Additional notes as per revised schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, such disclosure requirements were mandated wide notification no. G.S.R. 207(E) from Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated March 24, 2021 which are applicable for the period beginning on or after April 01, 2021:

- a) The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency for the year ended March 31, 2024.
- b) The Company does not have any undisclosed income which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- c) The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year ended March 31, 2024.
- d) The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.
- e) The Company does have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory year.
- f) The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.
- g)The Company avails the short term credit facility from bank on the basis of security of inventory and book debts and filed the quarterly return/statement with the bank for the quarter ended June 30, 3023, September 30, 203, December 31, 2023 and March 31, 2024 and the same are in agreement with books of accounts.
- h) The Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter (as defined by RBI circular) by any bank or financial institution or other lenders.

i) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant & Equipment for the year ended March 31, 2024

) The Company has used the borrowings from banks for the specified purpose for which it has take



Notes to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024 (All amounts in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- (i) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

For M Surana & Company Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.: 015312C

Manish Surana Partner

Membership No.: 077597 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Partner

Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Bikaji Foods International Limited CIN: L15499RJ1995PLC010856

Manish P Bathija

Membership No.: 216706

For M S K A & Associates

Firm Registration No.: 105047W

Chartered Accountants

Chairman DIN: 00192929 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Shambhu Dayal Gupta

President-Corporate affairs and Finance

PAN: ADFPG0151L Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024 Rishald Rishabh Jain

Managing Director

Place: Gurugram

Date: May 23, 2024

DIN: 00192890

Chief Financial Officer PAN: AEAPJ1574L Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

Rahul Joshi

Head - Legal and Company Secretary

Membership No.: 33135 Place: Gurugram Date: May 23, 2024

